

March 2, 2011

#### VIA HAND DELIVERY & ELECTRONIC MAIL

Luly E. Massaro, Commission Clerk Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission 89 Jefferson Boulevard Warwick, RI 02888

RE: Docket 4218 – Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan FY 2012

Dear Ms. Massaro:

On behalf of National Grid<sup>1</sup>, I have enclosed ten (10) copies of a revised proposed Electric Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Plan ("Electric ISR Plan") for fiscal year 2012 and supplemental testimony of the Company's witnesses reflecting the changes to the revenue requirement. The revised ISR plan and supplemental testimony reflect the change in the proposed revenue requirement for the Electric ISR Plan flowing from the extension of bonus depreciation provisions found in the recently enacted Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010. The result is a \$341,145 reduction in the proposed revenue requirement for the Electric ISR Plan . Accounting for bonus depreciation, the updated proposed revenue requirement is \$3,380,657.

Thank you for your attention to this transmittal. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (401) 784-7667.

Very truly yours,

Thomas R. Teehan

Enclosure

cc: Docket 4218 Service List

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid (hereinafter referred to as "National Grid" or the "Company").

# National Grid

The Narragansett Electric Company

# Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan FY 2012 Proposal - Revised

February 2011

Submitted to: Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission Docket No. 4218

Submitted by:

nationalgrid

Supplemental Testimony of McDonough, Sheridan, and Glenning

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218 RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN-REVISED WITNESSES: MCDONOUGH, SHERIDAN AND GLENNING

# SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

**CATHERINE MCDONOUGH** 

**ROBERT D. SHERIDAN** 

**AND** 

**DANIEL GLENNING** 

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN-REVISED

WITNESSES: MCDONOUGH, SHERIDAN AND GLENNING

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THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,

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WITNESSES: MCDONOUGH, SHERIDAN AND GLENNING

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2	Q.	Please state your full name and business address.
3	A.	We are Catherine T. McDonough, Robert D. Sheridan, and Daniel Glenning, and our
4		business address is 40 Sylvan Road, Waltham, Massachusetts, 02451.
5		
6	Q.	Have you previously submitted testimony in this docket?
7	A.	Yes. We submitted direct testimony in the Company's December 23, 2010 filing in
8		support of the proposed Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability ("ISR") Plan.
9		
10	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
11	A.	As described in the Supplemental Testimony of David E. Tufts, the Company has
12		updated its revenue requirement to reflect a change in the impact of bonus depreciation
13		on the Company's capital investment in infrastructure for fiscal year ("FY") 2012.
14		Although none of the capital investment, Vegetation Management, or Inspection and
15		Maintenance amounts vary from the original filing, the above change to the revenue
16		requirement require updates to certain sections of the proposed ISR Plan reflecting the
17		change. We are presenting the complete, updated proposed ISR Plan reflecting those
18		revised sections.

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,

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WITNESSES: MCDONOUGH, SHERIDAN AND GLENNING

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II. REVISED ISR PLAN
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3	A.	As presented by Mr. Tufts in his testimony, the Company is proposing to update the
4		revenue requirement associated with capital investment as a result of bonus depreciation.
5		This results in an update to Section 5 of the ISR Plan to reflect the new revenue
6		requirement. In addition, as discussed by Ms. Jeanne A. Lloyd in her supplemental
7		testimony, the proposed CapEx factor as well bill impacts resulting from the updated

revenue requirement would also change. Therefore, Section 7 and Section 8 have also

Please present which sections have been updated.

9 been revised to reflect this change.

10

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Q.

# III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

- 12 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 13 A. Yes, it does.

# Exhibit 1

FY 2012 Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan

# **Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

National Grid<sup>1</sup> in consultation with the Division of Public Utilities and Carriers ("Division") has developed the following proposed fiscal year ("FY") 2012 electric infrastructure, safety, and reliability ("Electric ISR") plan (the "Electric ISR Plan" or "Plan") in compliance with Rhode Island's recently enacted statute providing for an annual electric "infrastructure, safety, and reliability spending plan for each fiscal year and an annual rate reconciliation mechanism that includes a reconcilable allowance for the anticipated capital investments and other spending pursuant to the annual pre-approved budget." The proposed Electric ISR Plan addresses the following categories of costs as specified in R.I.G.L. §39-1-27.7.1(d): capital spending on electric infrastructure; operation and maintenance ("O&M") expenses on vegetation management; O&M expenses on system inspection; and other costs relating to maintaining safety and reliability of the electric distribution system. The proposed Plan that the Company is submitting for its electric distribution operations is the product of a collaborative effort with the Division. The Plan is designed to maintain and upgrade the Company's electric delivery system through repairing failed or damaged equipment, addressing load growth/migration, sustaining asset viability through targeted investments driven primarily by condition, continuing a level of feeder hardening and cutout replacement, and operating a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid hereinafter referred to as "National Grid" or the "Company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.I.G.L. §39-1-27.7.1, An Act Relating to Public Utilities and Carriers – Revenue Decoupling.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan

Section 1: Introduction and Summary

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# **Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

cost-effective vegetation management program. The Company now submits this Plan to the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission ("Commission") for final review and approval.<sup>3</sup>

This Introduction and Summary presents an overview of the proposed FY 2012 Plan for these categories of costs, the resulting FY 2012 revenue requirement associated with the proposed Electric ISR Plan, a proposed tariff provision enabling the rate adjustments and mechanism underlying the proposed Electric ISR Plan, the proposed rate design, and the proposed typical bill impacts resulting from the rate design.

The Electric ISR Plan provides a description of the Company's proposed electric distribution system safety and reliability activities along with its proposed investments and expenditures contained in the proposed Plan for FY 2012. The proposed Plan itemizes the recommended work activities by general category and provides budgets for capital investment, as well as operation and maintenance ("O&M") expenses for a vegetation management program and an inspection and maintenance program.

As envisioned in the legislation, after the end of the fiscal year, the Company would true up the ISR Plan's projected capital and O&M levels used for establishing the revenue requirement to actual or allowed investment and expenditures on a cumulative basis and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R.I.G.L. §39-1-27.7.1 (d) provides that the Company and the Division are to work together over the course of 60 days in an attempt to reach an agreement on a proposed plan, which would then be submitted for Commission review and approval.

**Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

reconcile the revenue requirement to the revenue billed from the rate adjustments implemented at

the beginning of each fiscal year.

The Company also proposes to file quarterly reports with the Division and Commission

on the progress of its Electric ISR programs and, at the time it makes its reconciliation and rate

adjustment filing described below, an annual report on the prior fiscal year's activities. The

Company is cognizant that, in executing the Electric ISR Plan, the circumstances encountered

during the year may require reasonable deviations from the original Electric ISR Plan. In such

cases, the Company will include an explanation of any significant deviations in its quarterly

reports and in its annual year-end report.

The FY 2012 levels of incremental net capital investment, vegetation management O&M

expense, and inspection and maintenance program O&M expense contained in the Company's

proposed Plan are \$16.5 million, \$8.1 million, and \$1.1 million, respectively. Each of these

categories is addressed below.

Section 2 of this proposal contains the Company's proposed capital investment plan for

FY 2012. Section 3 contains the Company's proposed vegetation management program, while

Section 4 contains the Company's proposed inspection and maintenance program. Section 5

includes the revenue requirement description and calculations. Sections 6, 7, and 8 include an

illustrative tariff provision, rate design, and bill impacts, respectively.

d/b/a National Grid

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 1: Introduction and Summary

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# **Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

#### **Electric Capital Investment Plan**

The Company's proposed electric capital investment plan contained in Section 2 summarizes capital investments by key drivers, describes the development of the capital plan, and outlines the large programs and projects contained in the Plan. For purposes of the ratemaking treatment of capital spending, the Company proposes that capital investments used for establishing rates for FY 2012 be those investments in electric distribution infrastructure assets that are projected to be actually placed into service during the applicable fiscal year. The Company has used its capital budget to identify the relevant projects that would be part of the FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan and to provide its rationale for the need for, and benefit of, performing that work to provide safe and reliable service to its customers. To better align the projects identified in its capital budget with the customary rate treatment of capital assets, the Company has estimated when they would become a component of rate base, and consequently subject to depreciation and return.

#### **Vegetation Management**

Section 3 of this proposal contains the Company's vegetation management O&M expense for FY 2012 and a discussion of the nature of the work anticipated to be performed and the expected benefits. Under the Company's proposed plan, the O&M expense associated with vegetation management activities is the amount estimated to be expended for FY 2012. This estimated amount would be subject to true-up to actual vegetation management O&M expense.

d/b/a National Grid

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan

Section 1: Introduction and Summary

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**Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

**Inspection and Maintenance Program** 

The Company has also estimated the O&M expense associated with the inspection and

maintenance program for FY 2012. Section 4 of this proposal provides details of the proposed

inspection and maintenance program for FY 2012. As with the other projected spending

provided in this proposed plan, this estimated amount will be subject to true-up to actual

inspection and maintenance O&M expense.

**Electric Revenue Requirement** 

Based upon the estimated amounts for the proposed Plan, Section 5 provides a

calculation of the revenue requirement resulting from the projected incremental net infrastructure

investment and the total annual vegetation management and inspection and maintenance O&M.

This section contains a description of the revenue requirement model and a proposed revenue

requirement calculation. This calculation forms the basis for the Electric ISR rate adjustment,

which would become effective April 1, 2011, upon Commission approval. The pre-tax rate of

return on rate base would be that rate of return approved by the Commission in the Company's

most recent general rate case (in this example, the one approved by the Commission in Docket

No. 4065) and, going forward, it would change as the Commission may approve changes to the

rate of return in future proceedings. Any change in the rate of return would be applicable on a

prospective basis effective on the date on which the change is effective.

d/b/a National Grid

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 1: Introduction and Summary

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**Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Provision

In order to implement the rate mechanisms described in the new legislation for its electric distribution operations, the Company has prepared a proposed new tariff provision entitled "Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Provision ("Electric ISR Provision"). This proposed tariff provision is contained in Section 6. The proposed Electric ISR Provision sets out a mechanism for reflecting the Plan's approved amounts in rates charged to customers and for reconciling net capital investment and O&M expense to revenue that was billed based upon the prior year's projections.

**Rate Design** 

Under the proposed Plan, the revenue requirement calculated under the ISR Provision would be appropriately allocated to the Company's rate classes. The Company proposes that the following provisions apply for purposes of rate design:

The revenue requirement associated with the incremental net capital investments a. would be allocated to rate classes based upon the allocation of rate base to each rate class as contained in the Company's most recently approved allocated cost of service in the Company's last general rate case. For non-demand-based rate classes, the allocated revenue requirement would be divided by the applicable fiscal year forecasted kWh deliveries for each rate class, arriving at a per-kWh factor unique to each rate class. For demand-based rate classes, the allocated revenue requirement would be divided by estimated billing demand based on a

**Introduction and Summary** FY 2012 Proposal

historical load factor applied to the applicable fiscal year forecasted kWh deliveries for each rate

class, resulting at a per-kW factor unique to each rate class.

b. The revenue requirement associated with the vegetation management and

inspection and maintenance programs would be allocated to rate classes based upon the

allocation of operations and maintenance expenses contained in the most recently approved

allocated cost of service in the Company's last general rate case. For all rate classes except

Rates B-62/G-62, the allocated revenue requirement would be divided by the applicable fiscal

year forecasted kWh deliveries for each rate class, arriving at a per-kWh factor unique to each

rate class. For Rates B-62/G-62, the allocated revenue requirement would be divided by

estimated billing demand based on a historical load factor applied to the applicable fiscal year

forecasted kWh deliveries for each rate class, resulting at a per-kW factor for the rate class.

The proposed rate design under the Plan is contained in Section 7.

**Bill Impacts** 

The bill impacts associated with the rate design contained in Section 7 are provided in

Section 8.

Conclusion

The Company and the Division have worked diligently to arrive at an Electric ISR Plan

that meets the goals of the new law to provide a safe and reliable electric delivery system for

Exhibit 1

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# Introduction and Summary FY 2012 Proposal

Rhode Island. The creation of the FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan affords the Commission a groundbreaking opportunity to create a system safety and reliability plan that provides safe, reliable, and efficient electric service for customers at reasonable costs.

# **Section 2**

Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

# Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

#### **Background**

The Company developed its proposed Electric Capital Investment Plan to meet its obligation to provide safe, reliable, and efficient electric service for customers at reasonable costs. The plan includes capital investment needed to (1) meet state and federal regulatory requirements applicable to the electric system; (2) repair failed or damaged equipment; (3) address load growth/migration; (4) maintain reliable service; and (4) sustain asset viability through targeted investments driven primarily by condition. An additional aim of the proposed plan is to reduce the risk of widespread customer interruptions due to flood conditions similar to those experienced in Rhode Island in March 2010.

As shown below in Chart 1, reliability performance has been on an improving trend in recent years and the Company has met its target for SAIFI and SAIDI for the past four years.

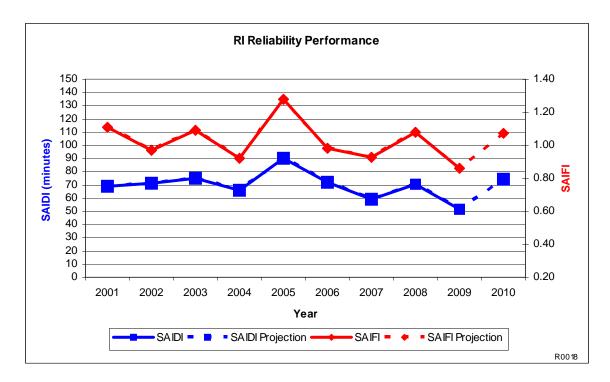
The Company's electric delivery assets also include 280,334 distribution poles, 5,151 manholes and 63,785 pole top transformers.

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Company delivers electricity to 481,994 Rhode Island customers in a service area that encompasses approximately 1,076 square miles in 38 Rhode Island cities and towns. To provide this service, the Company owns and maintains 5,650 miles of overhead and 1,231 miles of underground distribution and sub-transmission circuit in a network that includes 107 sub-transmission lines and 378 distribution feeders. The Company relies on 64 substations that house 134 power transformers and 839 substation circuit breakers to deliver power to its customers.

## Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

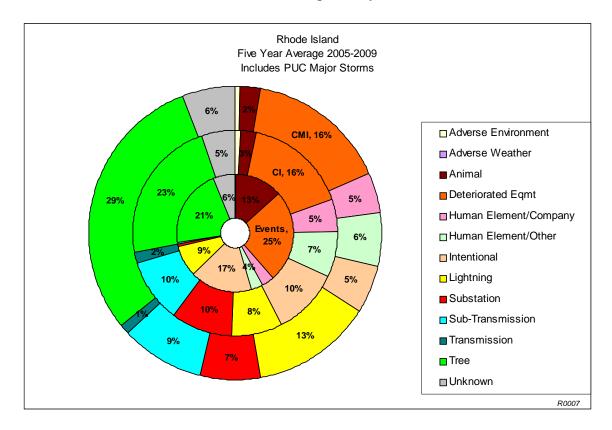
Chart 1: Reliability Performance



Still, reliability performance very much depends on the stresses placed on the network from weather conditions and the ability of the system to tolerate those stresses. The Company is currently at risk of falling short of its reliability targets in 2010. As shown in Chart 2, nearly 75 percent of the customer minutes interrupted result from the following causes: deteriorated equipment (16 percent), lightning (13 percent), trees (29 percent), sub-transmission events (9 percent), and reliability issues with substations (7 percent). These issues continue to be important factors adversely affecting reliability performance in 2010. Indeed, thirteen of the twenty largest individual events in 2010 so far have involved substations, equipment failure or deterioration, or lightning.

## Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

Chart 2: Customer Interruptions by Cause



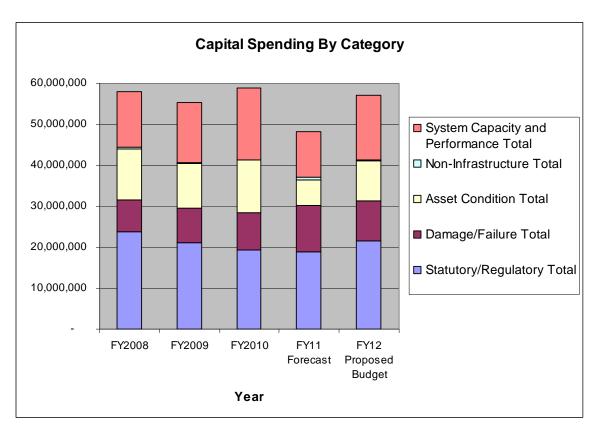
It is, therefore, critical that the Company remain vigilant with respect to investing in its infrastructure, managing vegetation, and inspecting and maintaining its assets, and that it have the appropriate cost recovery so that the Company can continue to provide reliable electric delivery service to customers.

As shown in Chart 3, the Company plans to invest \$57.2 million to maintain the safety and reliability of its electric delivery infrastructure in FY 2012, covering the period from April 2011 through March 2012. This spending level is greater than the \$48.3 million that it expects to spend in FY 2011, covering the period April 2010 through March 2011, but comparable to the Company's annual level of spending for capital improvements on the Rhode Island network

# Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

during the FY 2008 through FY 2010 periods. It is important to note that the reduced FY 2011 amount is due to the postponement of some of the Company's essential asset replacement and substation work during CY 2011 in response to the Commission's Order in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065. The FY 2012 plan includes work to reduce the risk of customer interruptions from failed equipment at the Woonsocket substation and to address some important capacity issues at the substations in Newport and Coventry.





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# Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

Separately, with the support of the Rhode Island Division of Public Utilities and Carriers, the Company also plans to begin work to reduce the potential reliability issues associated with future flooding events similar to those that took place in March 2010. The Company proposes to spend an additional \$1.2 million (not included in the \$57.2 million discussed above) in FY 2012 to complete the required engineering studies for construction projects that will reduce the vulnerability of nine substations to flood conditions so that the Company can begin construction on these projects in FY 2013.

Because a portion of the proposed capital outlays in FY 2012 is for projects (mainly substation projects) that are completed over multiple years, the Company expects that only a portion of those outlays will be placed into service in FY 2012. Likewise, a portion of the capital to be placed in service in FY 2012 will also reflect the capital outlays for similar multi-year projects that were begun in previous years.

#### A. Summary of Investment Plan by Key Driver

As shown above, Chart 3 provides a breakdown of the Company's spending for capital improvements made to the Rhode Island network during the FY 2008 through FY 2010 period, expected outlays in FY 2011, and the proposed spending level in FY 2012 according to five key driver categories: Statutory/Regulatory, Damage Failure, System Capacity and Performance, Asset Condition, and Non-infrastructure. Chart 4 below summarizes the planned spending level for each of these key driver categories proposed for FY 2012.

## Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

Chart 4: Proposed FY 2012 Capital Outlays by Key Driver Category

SPENDING RATIONALE	FY12 PROPOSED BUDGET	%
Statutory/Regulatory	\$ 21,636,500	38%
Damage/Failure	9,705,000	17%
Subtotal	\$ 31,341,500	55%
Asset Condition	\$ 9,737,050	17%
Non-Infrastructure	278,000	0%
System Capacity and Performance	15,821,100	28%
Subtotal	\$ 25,836,150	45%
Grand Total	\$ 57,177,650	
Flood Damage Avoidance Engineering Studies <sup>1</sup>	\$ 1,200,000	
Grand Total including Flood-Related Studies	\$ 58,377,650	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Flood-related engineering studies are considered 'discretionary' for recovery purposes.

As shown in Chart 4, much of the outlays for capital projects in FY 2012 are necessary to meet regulatory obligations or to comply with various statutes, regulatory requirements, or mandates. Such investments arise from the Company's regulatory, governmental, or contractual obligations, such as responding to new customer service requests, transformer and meter purchases and installations, outdoor lighting requests and service, and facility relocations related to public works projects requested by the Rhode Island Department of Transportation ("RIDOT"). For the most part, the scope and timing of this work is defined by others external to the Company. These projects will account for approximately \$21.6 million, or 38 percent, of the proposed capital budget in FY 2012.

The need to repair failed and damaged equipment equates to approximately \$9.7 million, or 17 percent, of the Company's investment. These projects are required to restore the electric distribution system to its original configuration and capability following damage from storms, vehicle accidents, vandalism, and other unplanned causes.

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The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 2: Electric Capital Investment Plan

#### Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

The Company considers the investment required to comply with statutory and regulatory requirements and to fix damaged or failed equipment as mandatory and 'non-discretionary' in terms of scope and timing. Together, these items amount to approximately \$31.3 million, or 55 percent, of proposed capital outlays in FY 2012.

The Company also has minimal discretion to address load constraints caused by the existing and growing and/or shifting demands of customers. Investments to address these issues account for 60 percent of the investment dollars categorized as system capacity and performance, or 17 percent of the proposed capital budget in FY 2012. These investments are required to ensure that the electric network has sufficient capacity to meet the existing and growing and/or shifting demands of customers and to maintain the requisite power quality required by customers. Generally, projects in this category address loading conditions on substation transformers and distribution feeders in order to comply with the Company's system and capacity loading policy and are designed to reduce degradation of equipments' service lives due to thermal stress and to provide appropriate degrees of system configuration flexibility to limit adverse reliability impacts of large contingencies.

The Company has somewhat more discretion with regard to the timing of the other categories and closely monitors the risk associated with delaying such projects due to the potential impact of the consequences of the failure of equipment or systems. The reliability, asset condition, and non-infrastructure projects that the Company will pursue in FY 2012 have been chosen to minimize the likelihood of reliability issues and other problems due to underinvestment in the overall system.

#### Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

Investments that are required to maintain reliable service to customers accounted for 40 percent of the system capacity and performance total or 11 percent of the total FY 2012 capital budget. These investments include the installation of new equipment such as reclosers that limit the customer impact associated with system events. This category also includes investment to improve the overall performance of the network that is realized by the reconfiguration of feeders and the installation of feeder ties. Together with load relief projects, these performance projects amount to approximately \$15.8 million, or 28 percent, of network investment.

Projects necessary due to the poor condition of infrastructure assets account for about \$9.7 million, or 17 percent, of the proposed capital outlays in FY 2012. These projects have been identified to reduce the risk and consequences of unplanned failures of assets based on their present condition. The focus of the assessment is to identify specific susceptibilities (failure modes) and develop alternatives to avoid such failure modes. The investments required to address these situations are essential, and the Company schedules these investments to minimize the prospect for reliability issues. Moreover, the large number of aged assets in the Company's service area requires the Company to develop strategies to replace assets if their condition impairs reliable, safe service to customers. Also, Company and industry-wide experience with assets that have poor operating characteristics in the field requires the Company to develop strategies to remove equipment that operates poorly while in service. These strategies are developed in order to avoid the possibility that a large number of similar assets will fail at the same time or within short windows of time. The investments made in these assets are prioritized

#### Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

based on their failure consequences and probability of providing safe and reliable service to customers.

The "non-infrastructure" category of investment is for those capital expenditures that do not fit into one of the aforementioned categories but which are necessary to run the electric system, such as general and telecommunications equipment. In total, capital outlays for non-infrastructure projects will account for about \$280,000 and less than one percent of capital outlays in FY 2012.

#### B. Development of the Annual Capital Plan

Each year, the Company develops an Annual Work Plan designed to achieve its overriding performance objectives: safety, reliability, efficiency, and environmental responsibility. At the outset, the Annual Work Plan represents a compilation of proposed spending for programs and individual capital projects. Programs and projects are categorized by spending category: Statutory/Regulatory, Damage/Failure, System Capacity and Performance, and Asset Condition. The proposed spending forecasts for each program or project include the latest cost estimates for in-progress projects as well as initial estimates for newly proposed projects.

In order to optimize the plan budget and resources, a risk score is assigned to each project. The project risk score is generated by a project decision support matrix that assigns a project risk score based upon the estimated probability and consequence of a particular system event occurring, including the impact on customers and the public. The project risk score takes

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Section 2: Electric Capital Investment Plan

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into account key performance areas such as safety, reliability, and environmental, while also accounting for criticality. Historical and forward looking checks are made by spending rationale to identify any deviations from expected or historical trends.

Once the mandatory budget level has been established, programs and projects in the other categories (i.e., System Capacity and Performance and Asset Condition spending rationales) are reviewed for inclusion in the spending plan. Plan inclusion/exclusion for any given project is based on several different factors, including, but not limited to: project new or in-progress status, risk score, scalability, and resource availability. In addition, when it can be accomplished, the bundling of work and/or projects is analyzed to optimize the total cost and outage planning. The objective is to establish an optimized capital portfolio that optimizes investments in the system based upon the measure of risk or improvement opportunity associated with a project.

The portfolio, along with supporting risk analyses, is presented to the Company's senior executives and ultimately the Board for review and approval. The budget amount is approved on the basis that it provides the resources necessary to meet the business objectives set for that year. Company management is responsible to manage to the approved budget.

The capital plan for FY 2012 presented herein represents the Company's best information regarding the investments it will need to make in order to sustain the safe, reliable operation of the electric system. As described above, some of the projects are already in progress or soon to be in progress. Estimates for those projects are quite refined. Other projects are at earlier stages in the project evolution process. The budgets for those projects are accordingly less refined, and

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## Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

are more susceptible to change. The plan is continuously reviewed during the year, for changes in assumptions, constraints, as well as project delays, accelerations, outage coordination, permitting/licensing/agency approvals, and system operations, performance, safety, and customer driven needs that arise. The plan is updated accordingly throughout the current year.

As stated above, the result of the budgeting process is the approval of a total dollar amount for capital spending in the budget year. In addition to this planning and budgeting process, specific approval must be obtained for any strategy, program, or project within the Annual Work Plan. Approval is obtained through a "Delegation of Authority" ("DOA") requirement prior to proceeding with project work, including engineering and construction. Each project must receive the appropriate level of management authorization via a Project Sanction Paper ("PSP") prior to the start of any work. Approval authority is administered in accordance with the Company's DOA governance policy.

Projects with projected scope and costs above established thresholds must be approved by management. To obtain approval, the project sponsor must develop a detailed PSP relevant to the decision process including:

- Project background, description and drivers,
- Business issues and the analysis of alternative courses of action
- Cost analysis of the proposed project
- Project schedule, milestones, and implementation plan

#### Electric Capital Investment Plan FY 2012 Proposal

Once an approved project is completed, the project manager is responsible for preparing closure papers, which present information on a number of factors including a discussion of whether and to what extent project deliverables were achieved and lessons learned as a result of project implementation.

Capital projects are authorized for construction following preliminary engineering.

Reauthorization is required if the project cost is expected to exceed the estimate plus the variance range identified in the project spending plan. The reauthorization request must include presentation of the original authorization, the variance amount, the reasons for the variance and the details and costs of the variance drivers, as well as the estimated impact on the current year's spending. Project reauthorizations above established thresholds require re-approval. Project spending is monitored monthly against authorized levels by the project management and program management groups. Exception reports covering actual or forecasted project spending greater than authorized amounts are presented and reviewed monthly. Significant projects also require re-sanctioning if the project completion date is delayed more than three months beyond the approved date.

The Company includes certain reserve line items in its spending plan, by budget category, to allocate funds for projects whose scope and timing have not yet been determined. In such cases, historical trends are used to develop the appropriate reserve levels. As the specific project details become available, inevitable "emergent" projects are added to the plan with funding drawn from the reserve funds. The majority of projects that are emergent are the result of in-year occurrences in mandatory, or 'non-discretionary', project categories such as damaged

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or failed equipment, customer or generator requirements, or regulatory mandates. Reserve funds are also established for high priority risk score projects that may arise during the current year in response to unforeseen system reliability or loading concerns. The Company tracks and manages budgetary reserves and emergent projects as part of its investment planning and current year spending management processes.

# C. Description of Large Programs and Projects

Attachment 1 to this section provides program and some project detail that supports the proposed level of capital outlays by key driver shown on Chart 4. Attachment 2 contains a more detailed breakdown of the spending totals by project to the extent that such detail is available at the present time and the risk score associated with the project.

## i) Statutory/Regulatory

As shown in Attachment 1, the Company has set a budget of \$21.6 million to meet its Statutory/Regulatory requirements in FY 2012. This is \$2 million more than what the Company expects to spend in FY 2011 but comparable to what the Company spent for this purpose on average from FY 2008 through FY 2010.

The expected increase in required spending for statutory/regulatory purposes relative to FY 2011 is based on an expected recovery for economic activity as the impact of the current debt overhang and the credit climate becomes more favorable. Approximately half of the Statutory/Regulatory budget is required to establish electric delivery service to new customers.

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The Company currently expects to spend about \$10 million dollars for this purpose in FY 2012, approximating the historic three-year average spending for this purpose during the FY 2008-to-FY 2010 period and up from the approximately \$9 million amount that the Company expects will be required in FY 2011. It is important to note that the actual and proposed spending in this category is net of contributions in aid of construction that is received from customers.

Required spending for public projects has been up in recent years and the Company expects that it will need to sustain spending at this level. These categories include such projects as:

- Relocating/adding company assets due to road or bridge-work
- Moving assets such as poles to accommodate a new driveway or other similar customer requests
- Construction as requested by the telephone company, public authorities, towns, municipalities, RIDOT, and other similar entities
- Required environmental expenditures

Because much of this construction work is variable and requested on short notice, the Company must set a budget based on previous experience since it does not yet have the project detail. Since the Company gets reimbursed for a portion of this spending (especially for work requested by the RIDOT), the budget placeholder represents the capital expected to be spent, net of reimbursements.

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The expected increases in spending in the categories noted above are offset to some extent by a projected decline in required spending for meters in FY 2012 based on the favorable purchase agreements that the Company has struck with vendors.

The Company also expects that it will need to spend less to facilitate third-party attachments compared to recent years. Spending to enable third-party attachments is highly variable year-to-year based on the timing of contributions from third parties and the cost to make sure that the Company's assets meet the standards required to enable the attachments. The latter is not reimbursed by third party customers and as such may increase the balance spent within this category.

The Company also expects an increase in spending to replace mercury vapor outdoor lights. Due to environmental concerns with mercury, the Federal Policy Act of 2005, banned as of 2008 the manufacturing and import of mercury vapor ballasts. As a result, the Company has begun a program to replace all remaining mercury vapor lighting on its system over the next few years.

#### ii. Damage/Failure

The Company is proposing a \$9.7 million budget for FY 2012 for non-discretionary costs to replace equipment that unexpectedly fails or becomes damaged. This is comparable to the average level of spending for this purpose during the FY 2008-to-FY 2011 period. Because the work in this category is unplanned by nature, the Company sets this budget based on multi-year historic trends. A portion of the damage/failure budget allows for larger project work which will arise within the current year as well as carryover projects from the prior fiscal year where the

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final restoration of the plant in-service will not be complete until FY 2012 (e.g. failed substation transformer). The budget set for FY 2012 also includes capital spending to address the Level 1 issues that have been identified as part of the inspection and maintenance program as described in Section 4.

The damage/failure portion of the Company's capital plan has three major components:

- Damage/Failure Blanket Projects for relatively small failures within substation or line or those whose size is unknown at the time of the failure. The budget for FY 2012 is built on the assumption of flat failure rates along with inflation assumptions.
- Damage/Failure Reserve for Specific Projects a reserve to address larger failures that require capital expenditures in excess of \$100,000. The reserve is built on recent historic trends of such items and allows the Company to complete unplanned work without having to halt work on projects that are planned to stay on target with the overall capital budget.
- Major Storms Each year the Company carries a budgeted project for major storm activity that affects the Company's assets. While the actual spend in this category may vary greatly, this reserve, based on average trends over the past several years, allows the Company to avoid removing other planned work from the capital program when replacement of assets due to weather is required.

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#### iii. Asset Condition

The Company is proposing to spend \$9.7 million in FY 2012 to replace assets that need to be replaced in order to maintain reliability performance, up from the expected \$6.1 million that the Company expects to spend for this purpose in FY 2011 but less than the \$12.1 average level of spending during the FY 2008 through FY 2010 period. Almost 80 percent of the proposed spending to address asset condition issues in FY 2012 will be used to construct new substations or to replace deteriorated equipment in several existing substations.

The construction of a new substation in Woonsocket accounts for \$5 million (approximately 51 percent) of the proposed spending to address asset condition issues in FY 2012. The new substation creates a permanent solution to the failure of a 345-115-13.8 kV transformer that was temporarily remediated by the installation of a 115-13.8 kV transformer installed at the West Farnum substation. The new substation also ameliorates the capacity constraint at the Riverside Station that was created when a smaller capacity spare transformer was installed to replace a failed transformer. The new substation in Woonsocket will also allow Nasonville Substation to supply the increased load at the Pascoag Utility District system. The new substation provides transformer capacity to enable strong distribution feeder ties in the area to serve many of the customers in the event that a single transformer station in the area is out of service. This reduces the potential for widespread customer interruptions. This project includes \$805,000 to perform work on three feeders that will connect to the new substation.

**Under Ground Cable Strategy -** The goal of this strategy is to replace primary underground cable that is in poor condition or has a poor operating history. Replacing these

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cables on a planned basis is highly desirable since the work involved often requires civil work including duct work and manholes. Customers are directly affected by these extended repairs which create contingency situations where alternate feeds are not possible or available.

Examples of distribution cables currently being planned for replacement include the 1102A&B, 1158, and 1168 cables in downtown Providence. The Company expects to spend approximately \$770,000 on underground cable replacements in FY 2012.

The Substation Circuit Breaker Strategy and Program targets obsolete and unreliable breaker families. The Company has approximately 839 distribution substation circuit breakers including reclosers in substations that it maintains, refurbishes, and replaces as necessary. Units with obsolete technology, such as air magnetic interruption, have been specifically identified for replacement. Additionally, where cost effective and where their conditions warrant, the Company bundles work and replaces disconnects, control cable, and other equipment associated with these circuit breakers. The Company expects to spend approximately \$1.4 million to implement this strategy in FY 2012.

The Substation Metalclad Switchgear Replacement Strategy and Program is another important strategy to improve the reliability of substations. This strategy replaces switchgear installed prior to 1970 beginning with those metalclad switchgears that have sustained a failure or are of a manufacturer type on which a failure has occurred. There are approximately 36 metalclads in service operating at 13.2 kV and 4.16 kV voltage level. Of these, approximately 70 were installed in the 1960s and 1970s. Several design factors with older vintage metalclad substations contribute to bus failures or component failures. These factors include:

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- Moisture Sealing Systems Moisture and water contribute to most of the failures of metalclad switchgear, substations, and busses. Gaskets and caulking of enclosures deteriorate over time allowing rain and melting snow to enter.
- Ventilation Metalclad interiors can reach high temperatures in the summer even if ventilation systems are working correctly. High temperatures degrade the lubrication in breaker mechanisms and other moving parts and can cause failure of electronic controls and relays.
- Insulation Voids in insulation, which eventually lead to failure of the insulation when stressed at high voltages, are apparent in earlier vintage switchgear.

As part of this program the Company will strive to replace one metalclad substation per year using assessments based on age, manufacturer, and conditions as determined by visual and electro-acoustic test results. The distribution strategy is funded at \$300,000 in FY 2012 to perform the engineering work at the Nasonville substation so that construction can begin in FY 2013 and FY 2014.

Strategy to Replace Distribution Substation Batteries - The Company has more than 80 battery systems in its distribution substations and these systems play a significant role in the safe and reliable operation of substations. The batteries and chargers in these systems provide DC power for protection, control, and communications within the substation and between substations and control centers. One goal of the Company's strategy is to replace batteries that are over 20 years old in accordance with industry best practice. Another goal of the strategy is to

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ensure that battery systems meet the current operating requirements and perform their designed function. The Company proposes to spend \$500,000 in FY 2012 to implement this strategy.

Replacement RTU Program – Substations - A Remote Terminal Unit ("RTU") is a device used to transfer operational information from a substation to an Energy Management System ("EMS") in a control center. The RTU allows for remote operation and management of the system providing benefits in incident response and recovery and thus improving performance and reliability. As part of this program, the Company will replace RTUs that were installed in the 1980's that are now obsolete and unsupported by the manufacturer and cannot be modified for modern supervisory control and data acquisition. Replacement of these devices will help to ensure reliable operation of the electric system. The program is expected to extend over many years. Replacement candidates for the next two years are in the engineering phase and construction plans are being prepared. This project is budgeted at \$300,000 for FY 2012.

#### iv. System Capacity and Reliability

The Company has set a budget of \$15.8 million for system capacity and reliability projects in FY 2012. This is up from the \$11.2 million that the Company expects to spend in FY 2011 and is comparable to the average level of spending during the FY 2008 through FY 2010 period. Planning Criteria (Load Relief) projects account for about \$9.5 million, or approximately 60 percent of the proposed spending in FY 2012, up from the \$6.3 million that the Company expects to spend in FY 2011. Substation projects account for about one-third of that required investment.

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These projects were identified as part of the Company's annual capacity planning process which is conducted each year to identify thermal capacity constraints, maintain adequate delivery voltage, and assess the capability of the network to respond to contingencies that might occur. The capacity planning process includes the following tasks:

- Review of historic loading on each sub-transmission line, substation transformer, and distribution feeder;
- Weather adjustment of recent actual peak loads;
- Econometric forecast of future peak demand growth;
- Analysis of forecasted peak loads vis-à-vis equipment ratings;
- Consideration of system flexibility in response to various contingency scenarios; and
- Development of system enhancement project proposals.

The Company has developed a multi-step top down/bottom up process to forecast the loading on these assets to identify the need for capacity expansion projects. First, the Company uses an econometric model to forecast summer and winter peak loads in four power supply areas ("PSAs") in Rhode Island. The explanatory variables in this model include historical and forecasted economic conditions at the county level<sup>5</sup>, historical peak load data for each PSA, and a forecast of weather conditions based on historical data from several weather stations.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This data and forecasts are provided by Moody's Economy.com.

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The Company uses this model to simulate the historical and forecasted peak demand for each PSA under a normal and extreme weather scenario. The normal weather scenario assumes the same normal peak-producing weather for each year of the forecast. The extreme weather scenario assumes an upper bound peak demand for each PSA under a given set of economic conditions. Based on the historical experience, there is only a five percent probability that actual peak-producing weather will be equal to or more extreme than the extreme weather scenario.

The forecast of peak load for each PSA generated with the model incorporates the energy efficiency ("EE") savings achieved through 2009 since these savings would be reflected in the historical data used by the model. The Company subtracts forecasted incremental EE savings beyond the amounts achieved through 2009 from the load forecast for each PSA. The incremental system-wide EE savings is apportioned to each PSA based on its proportion of total system-wide load.

The PSA growth rates are applied to each of the substations and feeders within the area. Distribution planners then adjust forecasts for specific substations and feeders to account for known spot load additions or subtractions, as well as for any planned load transfers due to system reconfigurations. The planners use the forecasted peak loads for each feeder/substation under the extreme weather scenario to perform planning studies and to determine if the thermal capacity of its facilities is adequate.

Individual project proposals are identified to address planning criteria violations. At a conceptual level, these project proposals are prioritized and submitted for inclusion in future capital work plans. Projects in the load relief program are typically new or upgraded substations

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and distribution feeder mainline circuits. Other projects in this program are designed to improve the switching flexibility of the network, improve voltage profile, or to release capacity via improved reactive power support.

The Company is developing guidelines for the consideration of non-wires alternatives in the distribution planning process. The goal is to seek the combination of wires and non-wires alternatives that solves capacity deficiencies in a cost effective manner that also considers the potential benefits and risks. As part of this process, the Company would conduct analysis at a level of detail commensurate with the scale of the problems and the cost of potential solutions. Some of the most significant Planning Criteria Projects include:

- New West Warwick Substation Construction of a new 115-12.47 kV substation to provide thermal relief to area distribution feeders, transformers, and supply lines and support projected growth in the area. A number of distribution circuits, transformers, and supply lines are projected above their normal and emergency ratings in the City of Warwick and Towns of West Warwick, Scituate, and West Greenwich.
- **New Hopkinton Substation** Construction of a new 115/12.47 kV metal-clad substation in Hopkinton and three 12.47 kV distribution feeders. Provide contingency relief at Wood River substation, contingency relief at Westerly substation, and support the retirement of Ashaway substation.
- New Coventry Substation Construction of a new 34.5/12.47 kV Mobile Integrated
   Transportable Substation ("MITS") in Coventry and one 12.47 kV distribution feeder

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and to provide thermal relief to area distribution feeders and support projected growth in the area.

- New Newport Substation Construction of a new 69/13.8 kV substation and all related distribution line work to develop three new 13.8 kV feeders to provide load relief to City of Newport. The completion of this project will provide thermal relief to overloaded feeders and supply lines in Newport. The installation of new 13.8 kV feeders and conversion of 4 kV load to the new station improves the reliability of the 23 kV supply system during contingencies.
- Staples Substation Addition of 13.8 kV Circuit Breaker Install new breaker at Staples to supply new feeder which will relieve the Riverside 108W55 and Staples 112W43 and 112W41 due to spot load at the CVS Park.
  - Johnston Substation 12.47kV Substation Expansion This project will expand a newer 12.47kV bus section and upgrade the 40MVA #3 Transformer to a 55MVA unit to address capacity issues with four heavily loaded feeders west of the station, asset condition issues in the old 12.47 switchyard, and loss of supply cables in the older 12.47kV switchyard as a result of the failure of a three-winding transformer in the spring of 2009 which resulted in a loss of one of two 12.47 kV supply lines in the older half of the station. Temporary cables presently tie the new 12.47kV bus to the old 12.47 bus sections, increasing customer exposure.

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• Kilvert St – Install TB2 - TB#1 at Kilvert St is a 1-33/44/55 MVA 115/12.47 kV transformer loaded to 21.6 MVA, or 32 percent of its summer normal rating (67 MVA) and 26 percent of its summer emergency rating (84 MVA), during the summer peak of 2009. A failure of the existing Kilvert TB#1 will result in outages, yielding approximately 17.5 MVA of unserved load. The installation of a new feeder 87F3 at Kilvert St in 2010 further supports the need for contingency relief. Furthermore, a recommendation has been made within the 15-year planning horizon to install an additional feeder (87F5) in 2022. The Mobile Installation estimate in the event of a failure of TB1 is twenty-four hours. A failure of Kilvert St TB#1 would result in outage exposure of 420 MWh.

In addition to these projects, the Company also has a Distribution Line Transformer Strategy to mitigate unplanned outage/failure risks due to overloads and asset condition of distribution line transformers. There are approximately 63,800 distribution transformers on the Company's distribution system. Transformer loading is reviewed annually using reports generated by the Company's Geographical Information System ("GIS") system. Transformers with calculated demands exceeding load limits specified in the applicable construction standard are investigated, and overloaded installations are addressed by replacement with larger units or load is relieved via installation of a second transformer. The physical condition of distribution line transformers is evaluated on a five-year cycle as part of the Overhead and Underground Inspection and Maintenance Strategy. Poor condition units are replaced based on inspection results. The strategy is in addition to replacements that are performed during customer-service

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upgrades, public requirements projects, and system-improvement projects. The main benefit of this strategy is the maximization of asset utilization and sustained reliability performance. The Distribution Line Transformer strategy is funded at \$1.2 million in FY 2012.

The Company also has a Distribution Load Relief Blanket to provide the necessary funding for other load relief projects. These projects are established to ensure that a mechanism is in place to initiate, monitor, and report on work under \$100,000 in value. The amount of funding in the blanket project is reviewed and approved each year based on the results of the previous annual capacity planning review, historical trends in the volume of work required, as well as a forecasted impact of inflation on material and labor rates. The current year spending in the project is monitored on a monthly basis. The blankets also provide local field engineering with the control accounts to facilitate timely resolution of system and equipment loading issues. These blanket projects are utilized to respond to issues such as overloaded sections of wire/cable or step-down transformers, the installation of feeder voltage regulators and capacitors, and minor work necessary to facilitate the reallocation of load on existing circuits. These blanket projects are budgeted at \$340,000 in FY 2012.

In addition to the Load Relief Projects identified above, the Company is also proposing to spend approximately \$6.3 million in FY 2012 on several programs designed to maintain system reliability, which is comparable to the Company's spending level for these programs over the past few years. Such programs include:

**Pockets of Poor Performance Strategy -** The intent of this strategy is to identify subsections of feeders (typically at the line fuse level) experiencing measurably more frequent

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customer interruptions than the remainder of the feeder. Typically, these identified areas are known as "pockets of poor performance." The reliability levels targeted by Pockets of Poor Performance Strategy are:

- Customer Level Reliability Reliability at the customer level is the main driver of
  this strategy. Identifying and correcting repeat device interruption locations will
  improve customer service.
- Reliability "Hot-spots" This strategy will help identify future reliability "hot-spots" and support the timely correction of localized problems before they become larger issues.

Once the specific locations have been identified, a reliability review of the area will be conducted by Network Asset Planning to determine the source(s) of the problem(s). The range of potential work could be as simple as solving a coordination problem to performing preventive maintenance (e.g., tree trimming, repairing equipment, grounding and bonding) and/or line reconductoring. The Company is planning to spend approximately \$500,000 to execute this strategy in FY 2012.

Feeder Hardening Strategy - The Feeder Hardening strategy and program identifies feeders with characteristics indicating the potential for significant reliability performance improvements related to overhead deteriorated equipment and/or lightning interruptions. This is a reliability-focused strategy designed to meet state regulatory targets. Feeders in this program undergo replacement of deteriorated equipment, installation of lightning arresters and animal guards, and correction of non-standard grounding and bonding issues. FY 2012 is the last year

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feeder hardening will be utilized in Rhode Island, at which time much of the work performed under the feeder hardening program will be subsumed by the Company's inspection and maintenance program. The Feeder Hardening strategy is funded at approximately \$2.4 million in FY 2012.

**Distribution Line Recloser Installation -** The recloser application strategy is a reliability-focused strategy to install line reclosers on overhead distribution lines. Line reclosers are used to isolate permanent faults on the distribution system and minimize exposure of a fault to customers. Ideally reclosers are installed at locations which limit the size of the interruption to the fewest number of customers possible and/or reduce the mainline exposure on the feeder breaker. The benefits of this program are reduced outage duration and outage frequency. The Distribution Line Recloser Strategy is funded at approximately \$164,000 in FY 2012.

Potted Porcelain Cutout Replacement - This strategy is a reliability-focused strategy to eliminate potted porcelain cutouts to reduce potential safety hazards for employees and increase reliability as measured by SAIDI/SAIFI. Fuse cutouts provide over-current protection for the electric distribution system; however, potted porcelain cutouts experience a high rate of failures. National Grid installed porcelain cutouts throughout its service area in the early to mid-1980s through early 2001, during which time potted porcelain cutouts were the style used most extensively in the utility industry. Beginning in 2006, National Grid adopted a policy of replacing all potted porcelain cutouts on the Company's system to respond to equipment failures and the associated safety risk posed by this equipment. The inspection and maintenance program

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incorporates the components of the potted porcelain cutout replacement strategy after FY 2012. The potted porcelain cutout strategy is funded at \$1.7 million in FY 2012.

Distribution Reliability Blanket - In addition to specific projects (i.e. those \$100,000 or greater) the Company also budgets for work less than \$100,000 under a Distribution Reliability Blanket Project. The amount of funding in each divisional blanket project is reviewed and approved each year based on the results of the previous annual reliability review, historical trends in the volume of work required, as well as a forecasted impact of inflation on material and labor rates. The current year spending in each divisional project is monitored on a monthly basis. These projects are established to ensure that a mechanism is in place to initiate, monitor, and report on work under \$100,000 in value. The blankets also provide local field engineering in each operating division with the control accounts to facilitate timely resolution of historical and new reliability issues that emerge. These blanket projects are budgeted at \$1.2 million in FY 2012.

Substation EMS/RTU (SCADA) Additions Program - The Company is proposing to expand the EMS/RTU program to improve reliability performance, increase operational effectiveness, and to provide data for asset expansion or operational studies. The findings of KEMA Consulting recent studies indicate that SCADA systems, when used to monitor and control the distribution feeder breakers, can provide a 15 percent to 20 percent reduction in average customer outage duration (CAIDI) when compared with a similar feeder that is not equipped with SCADA facilities. Moreover, these systems will provide a rich source of data required to fine tune the capacity planning process and extend asset lives. This data is essential

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to capture the full benefits of energy efficiency programs. The Company has set a \$600,000 budget for this program in FY 2012.

#### D. Flood Mitigation Projects

Major river flooding on the Pawtuxet River, Pawcatuck River, and Blackstone River from March 30 through April 1, 2010 resulted in substations located in those areas to be deenergized due to excessive water levels. Chart 5 shows the substations that were affected by the flood waters.

Chart 5: Substations Affected by the March 2010 Floods

<b>Substation Name</b>	Substation Address	Voltage	Impact River
			_
Pontiac Sub	14 Ross Simon Dr – Cranston	115kV-12.47kV	Pawtuxet
Sockanosett Sub	19 Electronic Dr – Warwick	115kV-23kV	Pawtuxet
Westerly Sub	69 Canal St – Westerly	34kV-12.47kV	Pawcatuck
Hope Sub	15 Hope Furnace Rd – Scituate	23kV-12.47kV	Pawtuxet
Pawtuxet Sub	70 Bellows St - Warwick	23kV-4.16kV	Pawtuxet
Warwick Mall Sub	400 Bald Hill Rd – Warwick	23kV-12.47kV	Pawtuxet
Hunt River Sub	5890 Post Rd - Warwick	34kV-12.47kV	Pawtuxet
Riverside Sub	1000 Florence Dr Extension – Woonsocket	115kV-13.8kV	Blackstone

Water levels reached between three feet and eight feet in these locations. Flood waters from the Pawtuxet, Blackstone, and Pawcatuck Rivers were brackish, contained raw sewage and other contaminants such as oil and gasoline which are detrimental to the safety of personnel, as well as the many mechanical components which comprise circuit breaker operating mechanisms, electro-mechanical relays, circuit switcher operators, and transformers controls. Most of these

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devices also utilize microprocessor and solid state relays and circuitry. Substation control houses containing substation batteries, relays (electro-mechanical and microprocessor based), remote terminal units, and AC and DC circuit breaker panels were also exposed to flood waters.

In order to maintain service to those customers normally supplied from these substations, the following activities were necessary until repairs or replacement of substation equipment affected by the flood waters were complete and the substations could be re-energized.

- Transfer of load to area substations not affected by the flood waters.
- Installation of temporary equipment such as mobile substations and padmounted transformers.
- Increased loading levels on area distribution equipment.

The Westerly, Sockanosset, and Pontiac substations were the most affected substations from the flood waters and sustained the most damage. In the cases of Westerly and Sockanosett, temporary repairs and temporary equipment replacement were made to restore these locations to service. The other locations have been fully restored to service.

Following the floods, mitigation measures at the affected substations were developed including installation of watertight enclosures of equipment, raising of equipment, and in some cases relocation of the substation. The Company proposes to spend \$1.2 million in FY 2012 to perform engineering studies so that construction on the flood mitigation projects described below can begin in FY 2013.

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The proposed solutions that are being evaluated will protect the system against flood conditions comparable to those experienced in the spring of 2010 or to the Federal Emergency Management Agency's published 100-year flood elevation, whichever is higher. Each solution will allow the substation to remain in-service during a flood event. The possible solutions include relocating existing substations to alternate locations or rebuilding sections of existing substations that are in areas susceptible to flood conditions with elevated equipment. The Company will also consider retiring certain substations by changing supply configurations. Any equipment that needs to be raised will be raised at least 12 inches above the peak flood elevation. Each location was also evaluated for installation of flood protection barriers; however, none of the substations were determined to be suitable candidates. Major substation projects to be considered to address flooding concerns include:

- Retirement of Westerly substation at its present location with substation expansions
  of the new Hopkinton substation and Langworthy substation to supply the load which
  the Westerly substation currently supplies.
- Installation of an elevated 23 kV metalclad and control house on existing property at the Sockanosett substation.

#### E. Recovery of Electric ISR Plan Capital Investment

As discussed in Section 5 of the Electric ISR Plan, the Company's FY 2012 revenue requirement is calculated based on the Company's projected capital amounts to be placed into service in FY 2012 plus associated cost of removal. The Company has used estimated timing of

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in-service dates for capital spending being placed into service during FY 2012 to develop its

Capital Placed In-Service figure used in the revenue requirement calculation. Each year, as part

of the Company's annual reconciliation, the revenue requirement related to mandatory, or nondiscretionary in-service amounts, or that are attributable to the statutory/regulatory and damage
failure categories, will be trued up based on the lesser of actual non-discretionary spending or
actual non-discretionary capital investments placed into service on a cumulative basis. The
revenue requirement associated with all other capital investments will be trued up based on the
lesser of allowed discretionary capital spending or actual capital investment placed into service
on a cumulative basis. Due to the multi-year nature of certain projects, current and prior year(s)
capital spending may be included in the FY 2012 plant in-service amount when a project is
placed into service during FY 2012. Similarly, the capital portion of a project included in the FY
2012 spending plan that will be placed into service in future fiscal periods will be included in
subsequent revenue requirement calculations during that project's in-service year. Chart 6
provides detail as to total FY 2012 amounts used in the development of the revenue requirement.

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Chart 6: Proposed FY 2012 Capital Outlays, Plant In Service, and Cost of Removal

	Proposed	Capital	Estimated	Capital
Spending Rationale	Capital Outlays	Placed Into	Cost of	Placed Into
	FY 2012	Service	Removal	Service Plus
		FY 2012	(COR)	COR
Statutory/Regulatory	\$21,636,500	\$20,612,500	\$2,432,000	\$23,044,500
Damage/Failure	9,705,000	9,475,200	1,524,000	10,999,200
Subtotal	\$31,341,500	\$30,087,700	\$3,956,000	\$34,043,700
Asset Condition	\$9,737,050	\$5,805,000	\$1,006,000	\$ 6,811,000
Non-Infrastructure	278,000	278,000	-	278,000
System Capacity & Performance	15,821,100	12,631,500	1,518,000	14,149,500
Subtotal	\$25,836,150	\$18,714,500	\$2,524,000	\$21,238,500
Grand Total	\$57,177,650	\$48,802,200	\$6,480,000	\$55,282,000
Flood Damage Avoidance Engineering Studies <sup>1</sup>	\$1,200,000	-	\$99,000	\$ 99,000
Grand Total including Flood-Related Studies	\$58,377,650	\$48,802,200	\$6,579,000	\$55,381,200

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Flood-related engineering studies are considered 'discretionary' for recovery purposes

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# Capital Outlays by Key Driver Category and Budget Classification, Excluding FY 2012 Flood-Related Studies

SPENDING	BUDGET CLASS	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12
RATIONALE					Forecast	Proposed Budget
Statutory/ Regulatory	3rd Party Attachments	(123,199)	873,018	780,847	795,000	641,000
	Land and Land Rights - Dist	313,141	310,128	274,560	292,000	321,000
	Meters – Dist	2,194,959	2,135,191	2,042,048	2,150,000	1,803,000
	New Business - Commercial	7,602,534	6,993,422	4,705,078	5,100,000	6,157,500
	New Business - Residential	4,951,161	2,856,774	3,256,239	3,560,000	3,917,000
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital	712,535	1,236,779	941,164	700,000	718,000
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital MV	-	-	61,933	23,000	300,000
	Public Requirements	1,640,703	1,465,029	3,121,260	3,130,000	3,968,000
	Transformers & Related Equipment	6,595,658	5,301,415	4,128,756	3,100,000	3,811,000
Statutory/Regu	latory Total	23,887,490	21,171,755	19,311,884	18,850,000	21,636,500
Damage/ Failure	Damage/ Failure	7,266,897	7,488,952	9,143,559	8,000,000	9,245,000
	Major Storms – Dist	375,380	856,490	(112,426)	3,400,000	460,000
Damage/Failure	e Total	7,642,276	8,345,442	9,031,133	11,400,000	9,705,000
Asset Condition	Woonsocket & Related	80,639	57,883	1,043,789	2,400,000	5,005,000
	Asset Replacement	12,381,390	10,793,745	11,530,572	3,500,000	4,732,050
	Asset Replacement - I&M (NE)	20,727	112,553	490,942	200,000	-
	Safety	76,680	(22,943)	-	-	-
Asset Condition	n Total	12,559,436	10,941,238	13,065,303	6,100,000	9,737,050
Non- Infrastructure	Corporate/Admin/General	(60,904)	(3,464)	(1,238,810)	-	
	Facilities	121,166	134,036	256,800	200,000	-
	General Equipment	324,847	154,236	391,872	250,000	278,000
	Telecommunications Capital - Dist	-	-	-	350,000	-
Non-Infrastruct	ture Total	385,109	284,809	(590,139)	800,000	278,000
System Capacity and Performance	Coventry & Related	4,345	89,324	558,222	100,000	1,000,000
	Hopkinton & Related	372	96,615	547,535	125,000	800,000
	Newport & Related	305,411	715,163	2,926,839	1,750,000	720,000
	West Warwick & Related	-	-	114,900	100,000	520,000
	Load Relief	3,486,228	5,988,143	4,650,580	4,225,000	6,492,920
	Reliability	5,446,383	3,878,186	5,768,069	3,750,000	3,938,180
	Reliability - FEEDER HARDENING	4,315,685	3,828,491	2,888,145	1,100,000	2,350,000
System Capacity and Performance Total		13,558,425	14,595,921	17,454,289	11,150,000	15,821,100
Grand Total		58,032,737	55,339,166	58,272,470	48,300,000	57,177,650

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# Project Detail for Proposed FY 2012 Capital Outlays

SPENDING RATIONALE	RATE CASE CATEGORY	PROJECT#	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	RISK SCORE	FY12 PROPOSED BUDGET		
Statutory/ Regulatory	3rd Party Attachments	COS022	Ocean St-Dist-3rd Party Attch Blnkt	50	641,000		
	3rd Party Attachments Total						
	Land and Land Rights - Dist	50	321,000				
	Land and Land Rights - Dist Total						
	Meters - Dist	CN4904	Narragansett Meter Purchases	50	1,072,000		
		COS004	Ocean St-Dist-Meter Blanket	50	731,000		
	Meters - Dist Total		1,803,000				
	New Business - Commercial	C31790	CVS Distribution Improvements	50	427,500		
		COS011	Ocean St-Dist-New Bus-Comm Blanket	50	3,910,000		
		RESERVE 049_011 LINE	Reserve for New Business Commercial Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	50	1,820,000		
	New Business - Commercial	Total			6,157,500		
	New Business - Residential	COS010	Ocean St-Dist-New Bus-Resid Blanket	50	3,807,000		
		RESERVE 049_010 LINE	Reserve for New Business Residential Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	50	110,000		
	New Business - Residential T	otal			3,917,000		
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital	COS012	Ocean St-Dist-St Light Blanket	50	718,000		
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital T	otal			718,000		
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital MV	C26837	Mercury Vapor Replacement	50	300,000		
	Outdoor Lighting - Capital N	/IV Total			300,000		
	Public Requirements	C01286	DOTR-Wyoming Bridges No. 43/44	50	161,000		
		C09885	DOTR-Stillwater Viaduct Bridge #278	50	60,000		
		C10126	DOTR-Reconst. Branch Av Bridge Prov	50	57,000		
		C10284	HWY-Recon Rt 4 W Allenton Rd Int NK	50	69,000		
		C11278	DOTR-Industrial Drive Bridge No.882	50	80,000		
		C29043	DOTR- Recon Pawtucket Brdge 550	50	37,000		
	į	C34605	DOTR-NK-Reloc P.11-2 Boston Neck Rd	50	69,000		
	ĺ	C35087	DOTR-Apponaug Circulator Imprv Warw	50	460,000		
	İ	C35145	DOTR-Cranston Hi Haz Intersect Imp	50	23,000		
		COS013	Ocean St-Dist-Public Require Blankt	50	1,302,000		
		RESERVE 049_013 LINE	Reserve for Public Requirements Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	50	1,650,000		
	<b>Public Requirements Total</b>		3,968,000				
	Transformers & Related Equipment	CN4920	Narragansett Transformer Purchases	50	3,811,000		
	Transformers & Related Equ	ipment Total			3,811,000		
Statutory/Regu	latory Total				21,636,500		
Damage/ Failure	Damage/Failure	C18593	DxT Substation Dmg/Fail Reserve C49	50	175,000		
		COS002	Ocean St-Dist-Subs Blanket	50	616,000		
		COS014	Ocean St-Dist-Damage & Failure Blankt	50	7,305,000		
		RESERVE 049_014 LINE	Reserve for Damage/Failure Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	50	1,149,000		
	Damage/Failure Total						
	Major Storms - Dist	C22433	OSD Storm Cap Confirm Proj	50	460,000		
	Major Storms - Dist Total						
Damage/ Failur	e Total				9,705,000		
Asset Condition	Woonsocket & Related	C03693	Woonsocket Sub New 115/13 kV Sub	41	2,800,000		

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SPENDING RATIONALE	RATE CASE CATEGORY	PROJECT #	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	RISK SCORE	FY12 PROPOSE BUDGET		
		C15200	Woonscket Sub - 3 Dist. fdrs	41	805,00		
		C24279	Woonsocket Sub New 13 kV S/gear	41	1,400,00		
	Woonsocket & Related Total						
	Asset Replacement	C06140	RTU Rplcmnt Program - NECo	50	300,00		
		C23852	Inst Ductline Governor St. Prov.	30	250,00		
	İ	C26062	OS ARP Relay & related	34	250,00		
	j	C26763	RI Small Capital	50	100,00		
	İ	C27950	Kent County 22F2 Love Ln SPCA Rplc.	31	400,00		
	İ	C31777	OS IE UG Cable Replacement Program	36	275,00		
	İ	C31859	IE - OS Replace open wire primary	27	287,50		
	İ	C32019	Batts/Chargers NE South OS RI	39	250,00		
	İ	C32278	OS ARP Breakers & Reclosers	34	1,350,0		
	İ	C33843	BatteryRplStrategyCo49DxT	39	499,0		
	İ	C36111	Replace the metalclad at Nasonville	39	300,00		
		C36112	Removal of Crossman St. Sub	39	200,0		
		C36113	Line work for Crossman Conversion	39	225,0		
		C36414	1102A & 1102B PILC Replacement	36	77,4		
		C36415	Village Grn Drt Brd Cable Rplcmnt	37	78,0		
		C36416	1158 PILC replacement	39	90,1		
		COS017	Ocean St-Dist-Asset Replace Blanket	50	1,100,0		
		RESERVE	Reserve for Asset Replacement Unidentified	34	(350,00		
		049_017 LINE RESERVE 049_017 SUB	Specifics & Schedule Changes  Reserve for Asset Replacement Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes (substation)	34	(950,0		
	Agget Bonlo coment Total		4,732,0				
Agget Candition	Asset Replacement Total						
Asset Condition Non- Infrastructure	General Equipment	COS006	Ocean St-Dist-Genl Equip Blanket	50	<b>9,737,0</b> 278,0		
	General Equipment Total				278,0		
Non-Infrastruc					278,0		
System Capacity & Performance	Coventry & Related	C24179	Coventry MITS (Dist Sub)	41	500,0		
Performance							
		C24180	Coventry MITS (Dist Line)	41	500,0		
	Coventry & Related Total	C24180	Coventry MITS (Dist Line)	41	,		
	Coventry & Related Total	C24180	Coventry MITS (Dist Line)  Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)	36	1,000,0		
					<b>1,000,</b> 0		
		C24176 C33050	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)	36	1,000,0 300,0 500,0		
	Hopkinton & Related	C24176 C33050	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)	36	1,000,6 300,6 500,6 <b>800,6</b>		
	Hopkinton & Related	C24176 C33050	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation	36 36	1,000,d 300,d 500,d <b>800,d</b> 300,d		
	Hopkinton & Related	C24176 C33050 Il C11578	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase	36 36 41	1,000,1 300,0 500,0 800,0 300,0 200,0		
	Hopkinton & Related	C24176 C33050 II C11578 C15158	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation	36 36 41 41	1,000,4 300,6 500,6 800,6 300,6 200,6 120,6		
	Hopkinton & Related	C24176 C33050 II C11578 C15158 C24159	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap	36 36 41 41 41	1,000,( 300,( 500,( 800,( 300,( 200,( 120,( 100,(		
	Hopkinton & Related Hopkinton & Related TotaNewport & Related	C24176 C33050 II C11578 C15158 C24159	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap	36 36 41 41 41	1,000,( 300,( 500,( 800,( 300,( 200,( 120,( 100,( 720,(		
	Hopkinton & Related Hopkinton & Related TotaNewport & Related Newport & Related Total	C24176 C33050  C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation	36 36 41 41 41 41	1,000,6 300,6 500,6 800,6 300,6 200,6 120,6 100,6 720,6 300,6		
	Hopkinton & Related Hopkinton & Related TotaNewport & Related Newport & Related Total	C24176 C33050 II C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401 C28920	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick	36 36 41 41 41 41 39	500,0 1,000,0 300,0 500,0 800,0 300,0 200,0 120,0 100,0 720,0 100,0 120,0		
	Hopkinton & Related Hopkinton & Related TotaNewport & Related Newport & Related Total	C24176 C33050  C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick	36 36 41 41 41 41 39	1,000,4 300,6 300,6 800,6 300,6 200,6 120,6 100,6 100,6 120,6		
	Hopkinton & Related Hopkinton & Related TotalNewport & Related Newport & Related TotalWest Warwick & Related	C24176 C33050  C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick	36 36 41 41 41 41 39	1,000,6 300,6 800,6 800,6 200,6 120,6 100,6 720,6 300,6 100,6 520,6		
	Hopkinton & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalWest Warwick & RelatedWest Warwick & Related	C24176 C33050  C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002  Total	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick  W. Warwick 115/12.5kV Sub	36 36 41 41 41 41 39 39	1,000,( 300,( 300,( 800,( 300,( 200,( 120,( 100,( 720,( 300,( 120,( 120,( 237,5)		
	Hopkinton & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalWest Warwick & RelatedWest Warwick & Related	C24176 C33050  C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002  Total 004484	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick  W. Warwick 115/12.5kV Sub  Fdr 1131 Mars Plastics - Olneyville	36 36 41 41 41 41 39 39 39	1,000,4 300,6 300,6 800,6 300,6 200,6 120,6 100,6 120,6 237,5 1,192,6		
	Hopkinton & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalWest Warwick & RelatedWest Warwick & Related	C24176 C33050 c1 C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002  Total 004484 C05505 C13967	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick  W. Warwick 115/12.5kV Sub  Fdr 1131 Mars Plastics - Olneyville  IE - OS Dist Transformer Upgrades  PS&I Activity - Rhode Island	36 36 41 41 41 41 39 39 39 39	1,000,0 300,0 500,0 800,0 300,0 200,0 120,0 100,0 720,0 300,0		
	Hopkinton & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalNewport & Related TotalWest Warwick & RelatedWest Warwick & Related	C24176 C33050 c1 C11578 C15158 C24159 C32401  C28920 C28921 C32002  Total 004484 C05505	Hopkinton Substation (Dist Sub)  New Hopkinton RI Substation  Newport, R.I. Land Purchase  Newport Mall Substation  Newport Sub Transmission Line Tap  Construct Newport Mall Substation  Install Distr. Sub - West Warwick  Install 4 dist. Fdrs West Warwick  W. Warwick 115/12.5kV Sub  Fdr 1131 Mars Plastics - Olneyville  IE - OS Dist Transformer Upgrades	36 36 41 41 41 41 39 39 39 39 39	1,000,4 300,6 300,6 800,6 300,6 200,6 120,6 100,6 720,6 120,6 237,5 1,192,6 150,6		

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SPENDING RATIONALE	RATE CASE CATEGORY	PROJECT#	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	RISK SCORE	FY12 PROPOSED BUDGET
		C28615	BRISTOL 51F1 Load Relief	36	175,000
		C28627	WAMPANOAG 48F3 Load Relief	36	200,000
		C28851	Recon. 38F5 and 2227 Greenville Ave	27	89,250
		C28900	Recond. 2228 Johnston sub - Randall	36	1,400,000
		C28932	Recon. 0.5 Miles Segment of 2232	21	474,000
		C32256	Replace Getaways 107W53 and 107W65	50	70,000
		C32363	Inst. Mainline Cond. 6J6 and Conv.	30	156,750
		C32450	Nasonville 127W43	31	157,500
		C33535	Johnston Sub 12.47 kV Expansion	35	585,000
	İ	C35870	Staples New Breaker	34	210,920
		C36522	Kilvert St 87 - Install TB2	39	150,000
		COS016	Ocean St-Dist-Load Relief Blanket	50	340,000
		RESERVE 049_016 LINE	Reserve for Load Relief Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	34	(70,000)
		RESERVE 049_016 SUB	Reserve for Load Relief Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes (substation)	34	(425,000)
	Load Relief Total		6,492,920		
	Reliability - Dist	C05485	IE - OS Recloser Installations	41	164,250
		C05524	IE - OS Cutout Replacements	41	1,714,000
		C32575	Pockets of Poor Performance - OS	41	497,000
		C33762	Ocean State _Electric Fence FY10		150,000
		C35726	EMS/RTU Addition - Narragansett Electric		600,000
		COS015	Ocean St-Dist-Reliability Blanket	50	1,200,000
		RESERVE 049_015 LINE	Reserve for Reliability Unidentified Specifics & Schedule Changes	34	(387,070)
	Reliability - Dist Total			•	3,938,180
	Reliability - FEEDER HARDENING	C05461	FH - OS Feeder Hardening	45	2,350,000
	2,350,000				
System Capacity & Performance Total					
Grand Total					57,177,650
Flood Damage	Avoidance Engineering Studies				1,200,000
Grand Total including Flood-Related Studies					58,377,650

Exhibit 1
Section 3
Vegetation Mgmt.

# **Section 3**

Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

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#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

The Company's Vegetation Management ("VM") Program is an essential component of the Company's plan to maintain the safety and the reliability of its electric distribution network. Trees are an important safety concern because tree contact with the electric distribution system increases the risk of electric shock to the public/workforce and the risk of fire. Trees can also be an important hindrance to reliability since tree contact with the distribution system during windy/stormy conditions can trip circuit breakers and cause feeder lockouts. As shown in Chart 1, trees were responsible for almost 30 percent of customer minutes interrupted over the past five years.

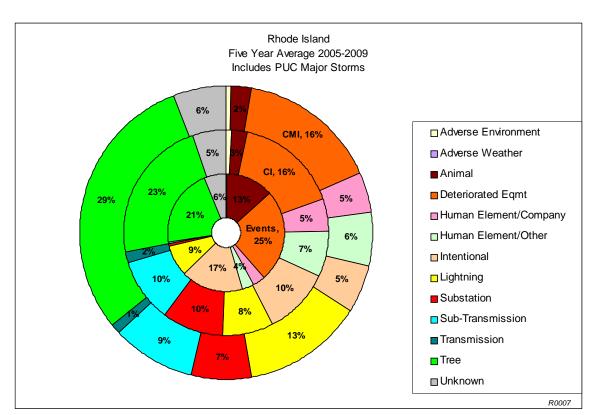


Chart 1: Customer Interruptions by Cause

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#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

The Company has developed a proactive VM program to provide a measure of safety of the public/workforce, to increase operational efficiency, and to reduce the number of customer interruptions due to trees. The Company's VM program consists of several different activities that aim to address different tree-related issues. As described below, many of these activities, including Cycle Pruning and hazard tree removal, were significantly enhanced in 2006/2007.

**Cycle Pruning:** The Company spends almost two-thirds of its VM budget on Cycle Pruning, a program designed to ensure that the vegetation growth along the overhead portion of the Company's distribution network does not interfere with the safe and reliable performance of the electric network.

The importance of Cycle Pruning to ensure the safety of the public and workforce cannot be overstated. A stable and consistent circuit pruning program is essential to ensure that vegetation does not come in contact with distribution conductor since such contact would increase the exposure of the public to electric shock and fires.

Consistent circuit pruning also helps to prevent the deterioration of network reliability and abets the efficient management of the network. Managing the vegetation along the network helps to avoid interruptions due to tree contact and makes the network more accessible to line crews so that they can restore power to customers quickly following an outage. Timely Cycle Pruning also enables crews to efficiently inspect circuits and to perform the required maintenance necessary to avoid outages.

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#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

The basis for the Cycle Pruning program is the schedule or length of time determined to be optimal between pruning events on a circuit. This optimal pruning cycle, or interval between which the Company trims trees along an entire circuit, is set based on the balance of three factors: vegetation growth rates, amount of clearance to be created while pruning, and cost. The assumed vegetation growth rate is based on the length of growing season and the growth characteristics of the predominant tree species in the state. The clearance to be created at time of pruning depends on multiple factors such as aesthetics, the effect on the environment, customer acceptability, and overall impact to customers. This growth rate is weighted against acceptable levels of pruning clearance and cost/efficiency to implement. For example, tree growth rate of 1.5 feet a year could yield a cycle of six feet cut every four years, or 1.5 feet cut every year; however, cutting all lines on a one-year cycle would not be cost-effective or efficient to implement. The balance between growth, clearance, and cost is what determines the optimal pruning cycle.

The Company has made two notable changes to the Cycle Pruning Program in recent years to boost the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of the program. First, beginning in 2003, the Company converted to a circuit-based approach rather than targeting specific communities. Circuits are used to serve customers across municipal boundaries. As a result, when a tree-related outage occurs on a circuit, customers along the entire circuit have the potential to experience an outage. The advantage of a circuit-based approach is that pruning occurs along the entirety of the circuit at a single point in time, rather than being completed in segments through tree-trimming activities in particular municipalities that may occur at different times.

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#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

Thus a circuit-based approach increases reliability by lessening the potential for tree-related outages along the entire circuit.

Second, in order to target the correct work at the optimal frequency, the Company began to use a reliability ranking model, called the Tree Model, based on historic tree-related interruption data. The results from this model help to generate prioritized annual work plans for cycle pruning to make sure that the pruning budget is deployed on the highest priority circuits. The circuit rankings are used to guide field assessment audits to determine which circuits may need to be added or removed to balance the annual schedule while maintaining a reasonable level of tree-related reliability. The field assessment is a necessary step to ensure that actual vegetation grow-in conditions are acceptable when the Company considers delaying the pruning of a circuit by one more year. The Tree Model and field assessments are also key in identifying circuits that need to be pulled ahead of the full cycle time to address reliability concerns or because the vegetation grow-in conditions make it risky to allow the circuit to go to full cycle.

To further abet its safety and reliability goals, the Company has made two other enhancements to the Cycle Pruning Program that has increased the required spending on cycle trimming in recent years.

First, with safety and reliability benefits in mind, the Company shortened the cycle frequency to four years beginning in 2006 to better reflect the length of the growing season and the growth characteristics of the predominant tree species in Rhode Island as reflected in the Hardiness Zones delineated by the U.S. Agricultural and Markets Department. This contrasts

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 5 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

sharply to the Company's Cycle Pruning program prior to 2006, when the frequency of cycle pruning was variable year-to-year and the effective cycle frequency could be close to nine years.

Second, the Company enhanced its pruning specifications in 2007 to create additional clearance between conductors and trees or tree limbs, especially overhead clearance, and to remove additional interruption hazards at the time of the pruning operation. The additional clearance specifications were implemented partly in response to research that showed that over 75 percent of tree interruptions came from outside the existing pruning clearance zone. The expanded pruning specifications increased the removal of overhanging dead, dying, and defective branches that create an imminent risk to the network or public.

**Enhanced Hazard Tree Mitigation ("EHTM"):** Even with the enhanced pruning specification described above, full tree and large limb failures have been shown to account for a significant portion of customer interruptions, not only in Rhode Island but also in other states. Indeed, fallen trees account for almost 60 percent of tree-related customer interruptions in Rhode Island and other New England states.

To address this issue, the EHTM program was implemented in 2007 to identify and remove dying or structurally weakened trees and branches along the three phase sections. This is the portion of the network where the ratio of customers served per mile is highest and the associated benefit of removing hazard trees is therefore greatest. EHTM uses an industry leading tree risk assessment protocol to target and identify the removal of trees that are deemed hazardous to the network. National Grid now performs EHTM in all four states that comprise its

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 6 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

U.S. footprint. The EHTM work generally accounts for approximately 10 percent of the overall VM budget.

The EHTM program has two important yet often overlooked benefits. First, the hazard tree mitigation program targets the mainline portion of the Company's worst performing circuits where many customers have experienced multiple interruptions related to trees. Even though the impact of the EHTM program on system-wide reliability statistics is muted due to the targeted nature of the program, EHTM has been shown to improve the reliability performance of the mainline portion of the targeted circuits in Rhode Island by over 60 percent. The EHTM program can, therefore, markedly improve the satisfaction and reduce the complaint rate of customers who experience frequent interruptions related to those targeted circuits.

Second, the hazard tree mitigation program generates significant savings with regard to the Company's operation and maintenance ("O&M") and capital Budgets. Hazard trees are designated as such because they have a high probability of failing and causing damage to Company equipment. Although the Company has not specifically tracked the cost to repair the damage from fallen trees and limbs, the expected cost to ameliorate damage caused by fallen trees and limbs can be imputed based on experience. The direct costs to repair the damage caused by a fallen tree or limb can fall within the following range:

- \$200 (a one person crew to clear a limb and replace a fuse)
- \$1,950 (two line crews to switch and install new conductor and a vegetation crew to remove the fallen tree)

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 7 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

• \$13,450 (multiple line crews to replace transformer, pole and cleanup spillage from transformer and a vegetation crew to remove the fallen tree)

Even if it is conservatively assumed that 60 percent of the damage from hazard trees is at the low end, 20 percent is at the middle part, and 20 percent is at the high-end of this range, the expected cost to restore the system to its normal configuration following each event caused by a hazard tree would be approximately 3,200 (i.e. (0.6\*\$200) + (0.2\*\$1,950) + (0.2\*\$13,450) = \$3,200).

With the average direct cost to remove a hazard tree at \$820, a benefit/cost ratio of approximately 4:1 (\$3,200/\$820) clearly supports the removal of the hazard tree even without considering the added positive impacts on customer satisfaction, reliability, and safety. The Company has removed 2,727 hazardous trees since the EHTM program began in 2007 at an approximate cost of \$2.2 million (2,727\*\$820) and removing these trees has saved an expected \$8.7 million (2,727\*\$3,200). In this way, hazard tree mitigation therefore sharply mitigates increased O&M and capital costs.

Hazard tree mitigation programs are common place on major utility distribution systems. In a 2008 benchmarking study conducted by Pennsylvania Power and Light ("PPL") Utilities, 14 of 15 major utilities that responded to the survey indicated that they had a Hazard Tree Program and a method to prioritize the removal of Distribution Danger/Hazard Trees.

The Company has also done significant benchmarking and participated in information sharing meetings with other utilities to compare best management practices and to stay connected with industry practices.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 8 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

- The Company has participated in the Utility Arborist Association's System Forester's Summit since 2008. This group is currently drafting papers to identify best management practices, one of which is hazard tree removal on Transmission and Distribution systems. Northeast Utilities, which has a specialized hazard tree mitigation program on their distribution system, is helping to facilitate this effort.
- Through informational sharing meetings in September 2008, the Company learned that Duke Energy also uses a similar distribution hazard tree mitigation program in all the states it serves. At an informational sharing session in 2008, Hydro One indicated that a large component of their distribution vegetation management program includes and will continue to include hazard tree removals.
- More recently at a best management practice sharing session hosted by the Company in July 2010, Hydro-Quebec indicated that it, and other North American utilities included in its benchmarking studies, have distribution hazard tree mitigation programs. Hydro-Quebec also indicated that more than 30 percent of its distribution vegetation maintenance spending is allocated to its hazard tree mitigation program.

**Police Detail/Flagman:** In order to safely perform the Cycle Pruning and EHTM, the Company must hire police details and flagman. The levels of required details vary by town and traffic/road condition. This portion of the VM budget is driven by the work plan and on the hourly rates set by the municipalities. Police/Flag details generally consume between 2 percent and 6 percent of the annual budget.

Core Activities: The Company performs several other essential VM activities to efficiently maintain the safety and reliability of the network and to address customer needs. In contrast to Cycle Pruning or EHTM, the Company has very little discretion over the timing of this work. This includes responding to customer requests for vegetation-related work due to safety and reliability concerns. It also includes response to requests for interim or spot trimming by circuit

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 9 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

patrols in locations where vegetation growth has exceeded normal conditions or where the patrols have identified other vegetation-related reliability concerns. Responding to emergency calls to remove trees/limbs from wires and to perform vegetation work necessary to restore power to customers is another important core activity performed by forestry crews. Spending for each core activity varies from year-to-year depending on the customer calls, weather, and system requirements. Each core activity separately consumes a small and variable proportion of the overall budget, but taken together these activities generally account for between 15 percent and 20 percent of the VM budget.

#### Fiscal Year 2012 Vegetation Management Budget

The Electric ISR Plan proposes to spend approximately \$8.1 million for VM in FY 2012. This includes \$5.3 million for cycle trimming and \$750,000 for EHTM. As shown in Chart 2 below, this budget is comparable to what the Company spent to implement its VM program in FY 2009 but up considerably from the suppressed level of spending dedicated to VM in FY 2010 and FY 2011.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 10 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

Chart 2: Vegetation Management Outlays

Distribution Vegetation					
	FY2008*	FY2009*	FY2010**	Expected FY2011**	Proposed FY2012***
Cycle Trimming	\$4,141	\$5,574	\$4,552	\$2,881	\$5,300
Hazard Tree	\$721	\$757	\$709	\$283	\$750
Sub-T (off & on road)	\$294	\$436	\$302	\$475	\$267
Police/Flagman Detail	\$340	\$187	\$241	\$105	\$491
All Other Activities (incl. Interim/Spot Trim, Customer Requests, Emergency Response, Worst Feeders, etc.)	\$1,134	\$903	\$1,078	\$1,085	\$1,261
Total	\$6,630	\$7,858	\$6,882	\$4,829	\$8,069

<sup>\*</sup> Reflects 4 year Cycle Pruning Program

In response to the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission's ruling in the Company's latest electric distribution general rate case, which set the level of total VM spending recovery in base distribution rates in calendar year 2010 at \$5.1 million, the Company reduced its FY 2011 VM budget to \$4.8 million.<sup>6</sup> With this VM budget reduction, the Company significantly reduced its EHTM budget to \$283,000, a fraction of the spending devoted to this purpose in prior recent years. The Company also reduced the mileage in its Cycle Pruning program for FY 2011 to 828

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes Downward Adjustments in Response to Commission Order

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Return to 100% base funding for Cycle Pruning and 63% of base funding for Hazard Tree

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Please note that level of \$5.1 million, which is for the calendar year 2010, produces the \$4.8 million VM budget, which is for the fiscal year 2011.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 11 of 12

#### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

miles compared to the 1,300 miles required for the optimal four year cycle. The Company, however, maintained its budget for core activities in FY 2011 because, as previously noted, the Company has very little discretion with regard to those activities.

The Company is very concerned about the impact of these budget reductions on the safety and reliability of the electric service that it provides to customers and on the capital budget required to address damaged equipment due to tree failures. With the FY 2011 level of funding, crews cannot remove hazard trees that would normally be removed under the risk tree assessment protocol. In fact, the Company is able to mitigate only the most imminent tree hazards in FY 2011, and the amount of risk related to hazard tree failure has increased to unacceptable levels.

The Company is also concerned about the forced reduction in the work plan for Cycle Pruning because, if sustained at this level, this mileage amount is equivalent to setting a six-year pruning cycle -- a frequency that is not sufficient to prevent vegetation from reaching conductors and causing safety and reliability issues. Based on the cost/benefit analysis presented above, spending at these reduced levels can be expected to boost the Company's capital budget required to repair failed and damaged equipment in the years ahead.

To ameliorate the risks to customers and workers, the Company and the Rhode Island Division of Public Utilities and Carriers believe that it is necessary to re-establish a four-year pruning cycle. To that end, the Company proposes to set a \$5.3 million budget to prune 1,300 miles, 25 percent of circuit miles, in FY 2012. The Company also believes that it is essential to restore funding for the EHTM program to more normal levels in FY 2012 so as to boost

Exhibit 1

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 3: Vegetation Management Strategy Page 12 of 12

### Vegetation Management Program FY 2012 Proposal

customer satisfaction and contain O&M and capital expenditures which would otherwise be required to address the damage to the Company's overhead electric assets from fallen trees and limbs.

Exhibit 1 Section 4 I & M Program

### **Section 4**

Inspection and Maintenance Plan FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 4: Inspection and Maintenance Program Page 1 of 5

### Inspection and Maintenance Program FY 2012 Proposal

Consistent with the Company's transition to a proactive asset management approach, the Company began to implement a comprehensive proactive inspection and maintenance ("I&M") program ("I&M Program") beginning in October 2009. This strategy requires a step change increase in the number of inspections, maintenance, and asset replacement actions that the Company will take proactively compared to the number of such actions that it had taken in the past.

Prior to October 2009, the Company did not use a formalized, consistent approach to perform proactive periodic system-wide inspections that identify and prioritize potential reliability risks. The Company has traditionally taken a "fix on fail" approach to addressing reliability issues caused by trees, animal contact, lightning, and deteriorated equipment. As part of this approach, the crews in local operating areas have performed infrared inspections, feeder patrols, and padmount inspections, but these inspections have traditionally been performed on an ad hoc basis in localized areas. The Company addressed problems of an immediate nature, but other issues were not always documented or addressed. This approach was reactive and repair-oriented.

In contrast to the past approach, as part of the I&M Program, the Company proactively inspects overhead distribution and sub-transmission equipment on a six-year cycle and underground distribution infrastructure on a five-year cycle <sup>7</sup> With this approach the Company

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Substations are dealt with separately and using visual and operational checks.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 4: Inspection and Maintenance Program Page 2 of 5

### Inspection and Maintenance Program FY 2012 Proposal

will obtain new inspection results on approximately 17 percent of its overhead distribution system and 20 percent of its underground electric distribution system every year so that it will have comprehensive system-wide information on the condition of all overhead components within six years and all underground system components within five years.

These proactive inspections identify and provide for the timely condition-based replacement of visibly damaged or deteriorated assets prior to the next inspection cycle. Specifically, the inspections identify and prioritize issues as follows:

- Level 1: An immediate issue that requires the inspector to stand by until a qualified crew/supervisor arrives to resolve the issues as soon as practical, or an issue that must be repaired within one week.
- Level 2: An issue that, if left unresolved, has a high probability of failure within 12 18 months of the inspection. The identified work will be completed within one year.
- Level 3: An issue that has a high probability of failure within three to five years of the inspection. This information will be used to make reliability investment decisions.
- Level 4: Information is used for asset decision making and to aid inspectors during the subsequent inspections.

Collecting this type of comprehensive system-wide information on the condition of all overhead and underground system components generates several benefits for customers.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 4: Inspection and Maintenance Program Page 3 of 5

### Inspection and Maintenance Program FY 2012 Proposal

Proactive inspections generate incremental proactive maintenance expense to address issues that create safety and reliability risks for customers. This includes the bonding and grounding of existing facilities, the installation of lightning arrestors and animal guards, and fixing distribution poles that are leaning excessively. Taking such action proactively helps the Company maintain reliability performance and improve customer satisfaction. Indeed, as shown in Chart 1 below, lightning accounts for 13 percent of customer minutes interrupted. Proactive maintenance also helps to ensure that assets achieve their expected life.

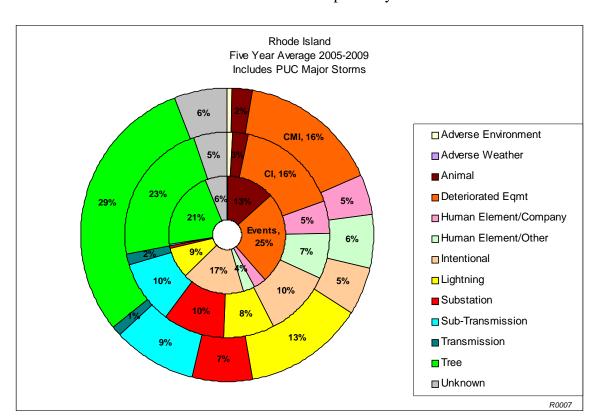


Chart 1: Customer Interruptions by Cause

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 4: Inspection and Maintenance Program Page 4 of 5

### Inspection and Maintenance Program FY 2012 Proposal

Proactive inspections also generate proactive and condition-based replacement of distribution assets including poles, cutouts, transformers, and switches and this approach will help to accomplish the following:

- Maintain positive reliability performance and customer satisfaction.
  - Replacing deteriorated equipment (which currently accounts for 16 percent of customer interruptions) before it fails will clearly help to reduce customer interruptions compared to the fix-on-fail approach.
  - Coordinating the replacement of multiple system components across the system will multiply the reliability benefits compared to the current approach that addresses limited performance deficiencies on select feeders.
- Extend the lives of existing assets since replacing weak or vulnerable assets on the system avoids collateral damage to other assets when the weakened asset fails.
- Avoid unnecessary or premature investments based on age alone since the asset replacements would be condition-based.
- Create a longer term planning horizon and thereby expand the opportunity for efficient procurement and dispatch of needed resources compared to the current fixon-fail approach.

The Company believes that the I&M Program is essential to fulfilling its obligation to provide reliable and cost effective electric delivery service to customers in an area that has an aging infrastructure such as that which exists in Rhode Island. The multiple safety and reliability goals of the I&M Program will be discernible by customers because the operating integrity of the distribution system will be raised and maintained at a relatively higher level. The validity of the I&M strategy has been demonstrated in New York during the past several years and the best practices from the Company's experience in New York have been incorporated into the roll out of the I&M Program in Rhode Island.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 4: Inspection and Maintenance Program Page 5 of 5

### Inspection and Maintenance Program FY 2012 Proposal

#### Fiscal Year 2012 Inspection and Maintenance Budget

As shown in Chart 2 below, the Company proposes an I&M Program operation and maintenance ("O&M") expense budget of approximately \$1.1 million for fiscal year ("FY") 2012. In generating the budget, the Company has opted to defer the capital work associated with the proactive I&M Program (shown in Columns (a) and (b) of Chart 2) until FY 2013, following the outcome of the FY 2012 inspection work itself, quantified at \$145 thousand for FY 2012. This enables the Company to complete the required work already identified in the feeder hardening program in FY 2012 before transitioning fully to the I&M Program in FY 2013. The I&M Program expense budget also includes approximately \$994 thousand for O&M expenses related to the capital costs of approximately \$4.1 million relative to feeder hardening and the replacement of potted porcelain cutouts, which are included in the asset condition portion of the proposed capital budget discussed in Section 2 regarding Electric Capital Investment.

Chart 2: Inspection and Maintenance Program Costs
Calculation of Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) Program Costs for FY2012 1\

Capex	Overhead I&M (a) \$0	Undergound I&M (b) \$0	Subtotal I&M (c) \$0	Potted Porcelain Cutout (d) \$1,714,000	Feeder Hardening (e) \$2,350,000	Total (f) \$4,064,000
Operation and Maintenance Expenses:						
Opex Related to Capex	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$171,400	\$822,500	\$993,900
Repair - Related Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inspections - Related Costs 2\	144,945		144,945			144,945
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$144,945	\$0	\$144,945	\$171,400	\$822,500	\$1,138,845
Total O&M Costs	\$144,945	\$0	\$144,945	\$1,885,400	\$3,172,500	\$5,202,845

<sup>1\</sup> Derivation of I&M categories is consistent with those included in rate allowance per RIPUC Docket No. 4065

<sup>2\</sup> Includes incremental inspection FTE and incremental contractor costs for inspection and QA/QC

Exhibit 1
Section 5
Rev. Requirement

### **Section 5**

Revenue Requirement - Revised FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

The attached proposed revenue requirement calculation reflects the revenue requirement related to the Company's proposed investment in its Electric Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Plan ("ISR Plan").

As shown on Page 1, Column (a) of the attachment, the Company's fiscal year ("FY") 2012 Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement amounts to \$3,380,657 and consists of two elements: (1) operation and maintenance ("O&M") expense associated with the Company's vegetation management ("VM") activities and for system inspection, feeder hardening, and potted porcelain cutouts, as encompassed by the Company's Inspection and Maintenance ("I&M") Program, and (2) the Company's capital investment in electric utility infrastructure. Line 3 of that column reflects the forecasted FY 2012 revenue requirement related to O&M expenses, or \$9,207,845. Subtracted from this is the Company's current base rate allowance attributable to VM and I&M O&M expenses of \$6,549,368 on Line 5, for which the Company is proposing a credit to permanently reduce base distribution rates until such time as such rates are reset as part of a general rate case. The resulting incremental O&M-related expense component of the Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement is \$2,658,477, as shown on Line 7.

The revenue requirement associated with the Company's forecasted FY 2012 capital investment in electric utility infrastructure, or \$722,180, is shown on Line 11 and is detailed on Page 2 of the attachment. The total annual FY Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement for both O&M expenses and capital investment, net of the credit for current base rate recovery of VM and I&M O&M expenses, is reflected on Line 17 and is equal to the sum of lines 7 and 15. Finally, Line 19 reflects the incremental FY revenue requirement required to deliver the Company's Electric ISR Plan and is equal to the current year's revenue requirement less the

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

prior year's revenue requirement from Line 17. Each of these components is discussed in more detail below.

For illustration purposes, Column (b) of the attachment provides an illustration of the FY 2013 Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement, which is detailed on Page 3 of the attachment, assuming the same level of capital investment forecasts for FY 2013 as in FY 2012.

#### Operation and Maintenance Expenses

For FY 2012, the Company's revenue requirement includes \$9,207,845 of VM and I&M O&M expenses as shown on Page 1, Line 3 in Column (a) of the attachment. For purposes of illustration, forecasted VM and I&M O&M expenses on Line 3 are assumed to be the same amount for FY 2012 and FY 2013. In accordance with the Company's last general rate case in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, the Company is currently recovering \$6,549,368 in base distribution rates associated with its VM and I&M O&M expenses. Because the Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement represents the Company's total cost associated with its Electric ISR Plan, including VM and I&M O&M expenses, the Company is proposing a one-time credit to base distribution rates for the \$6,549,368 currently being recovered through base distribution rates, as shown on Line 5, until such time as base distribution rates are reset as part of a general rate increase. Line 7 therefore represents the net O&M amount related to the Electric ISR Plan, or \$2,658,477.

#### Electric Infrastructure Investment

As noted above, Page 2 of the attachment calculates the revenue requirement of incremental capital investment associated with the Company's FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan; that is, electric infrastructure investment (net of general plant) incremental to the amounts embedded

Page 3 of 6

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

in the Company's base distribution rates. Incremental electric capital investment for this purpose is intended to represent the net change in rate base for electric infrastructure investments since the establishment of the Company's base distribution rates and is defined as cumulative allowed capital plus cost of removal, less annual depreciation expense embedded in the Company's rates, net of depreciation expense attributable to general plant. These amounts are shown on Lines 1 through 44.

For purposes of calculating the capital-related revenue requirement, investments in electric infrastructure have been divided into two categories: 'non-discretionary' capital investments, which principally represent the Company's commitment to meet statutory and/or regulatory obligations, and 'discretionary' capital investments, which represent all other electric infrastructure-related capital investment falling outside of the specifically defined 'non-discretionary' categories. This is shown on Page 2, Lines 1 through 20. The Company proposes that the revenue requirement used for establishing rates effective April 1, 2011 be calculated based upon the Company's projection of electric plant investments to be placed into service during FY 2012, which is comprised of \$30,087,700 of 'non-discretionary'-related investments and \$18,714,500 of 'discretionary'-related investments, as shown on Lines 4 and 12, respectively.

Each year's revenue requirement, as part of the annual Electric ISR Plan reconciliation, will be trued up as follows:

• 'Non-discretionary' capital investments will be reconciled to the lesser of the actual 'non-discretionary'-related capital investments placed into service and actual 'non-

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

discretionary' spending levels on a cumulative fiscal year-to-date basis, as demonstrated on Lines 2 through 8.

'Discretionary' capital investments will be reconciled to the lesser of the actual
 'discretionary'-related capital investments placed into service and the level of
 approved 'discretionary' spending as per this Docket on a cumulative fiscal year-to-date basis, as demonstrated on Lines 10 through 16.

Because depreciation expense is affected by plant retirements, retirements have been deducted from the total capital included in rate base in determining depreciation expense. Retirements, however, do not affect rate base as both 'plant in service' and 'depreciation reserve' are reduced by the installed value of the plant being retired and therefore have no impact on the cumulative incremental depreciable amount, as calculated on Line 32. For purposes of the revenue requirement, plant retirements have been estimated at 15.82 percent of the annual capital included in rate base (based on the 2009 percentage of retirements to additions) and have been deducted from the total capital amount included in rate base. The cumulative net depreciable capital included in rate base shown on Page 2, Line 26 equals cumulative capital allowed in rate base less cumulative retirements. Incremental book depreciation expense on Line 57 is computed based on the cumulative net depreciable capital included in rate base, described in the preceding paragraph, at the 3.40 percent composite depreciation rate as approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, as shown on Line 47. Unlike retirements, cost of removal affects rate base but not depreciation expense. Consequently, the cumulative cost of removal, as shown on Line 42, is combined with the cumulative incremental depreciable amount from Line 32 to derive the

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 5: Revenue Requirement Page 5 of 6

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

cumulative incremental amount on Line 44 used in determining the rate base upon which the annual Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement is calculated.

The cumulative incremental change in rate base on Line 68 includes the cumulative incremental rate base amount from Line 44 adjusted for accumulated depreciation and accumulated deferred tax reserves as shown on Lines 58 and 62, respectively. The deferred tax amount arising from the capital investment, as calculated on Lines 46 through 62, equals the difference between book depreciation and tax depreciation on the capital investment, times the effective tax rate. The tax depreciation amount assumes that 32 percent of the capital investment will be eligible for immediate deduction on the Company's corresponding FY federal income tax return. In addition, the tax depreciation amount also assumes the impact of bonus depreciation.

The average cumulative change in rate base on Line 71 equals the average year-end cumulative change in rate base on Line 68. This amount is multiplied by the pre-tax rate of return in the most recent rate case (in this example, the one approved by the R.I.P.U.C. in Docket No. 4065) on Line 72 to compute the return and tax portion of the incremental revenue

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During 2009, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") issued additional guidance, under Internal Revenue Code Section 162, related to certain work considered to be repair and maintenance expense, and eligible for immediate tax deduction for income tax purposes, but capitalized by the Company for book purposes. As a result of this additional guidance, the Company recorded a one-time tax expense for repair and maintenance costs in its FY 2009 federal income tax return filed on December 11, 2009 by National Grid Holdings, Inc. This has formed the basis for the capital repairs deduction assumed in the Company's revenue requirement. This tax deduction has the effect of increasing deferred taxes and lowering the revenue requirement that customers will pay under the capital investment reconciliation mechanism. The Company's federal income tax returns are subject to audit by the IRS. If it is determined in the future that the Company's position on its tax returns on this matter was incorrect, the Company will reflect any related IRS disallowances in a subsequent reconciliation filing under the ISR Plan.

In December 2010, Congress passed the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 ("2010 Act") which provided for an extension of bonus depreciation. Specifically, the 2010 Act provided for the application of 100 percent bonus depreciation for investment constructed and placed into service after September 8, 2010 through December 31, 2011, and then 50 percent bonus depreciation for similar capital investment placed into service after December 31, 2011 through December 31, 2012. The Company assumed that 75 percent of the plant additions under the ISR Plan would qualify for bonus depreciation, with April through December 2011 investments and January through March 2012 investments eligible for 100 percent and 50 percent bonus depreciation, respectively. The Company anticipates that the IRS will issue further guidance on this issue and, to the extent such guidance differs from the Company's interpretation of the 2010 Act, will reflect any resulting differences in a subsequent reconciliation filing under the ISR Plan.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 5: Revenue Requirement Page 6 of 6

### Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Proposal

requirement on Line 73. To this, incremental depreciation expense is added on Line 74, as are property taxes on Line 75, which are computed on net capital investment in the year following the investment to coincide with the timing in which property taxes are assessed. The sum of these three amounts reflects the annual revenue requirement associated with the capital investment portion of the Company's Electric ISR Plan on Line 77, which is carried forward to Page 1, Line 11 as part of the total FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan revenue requirement. Finally, Page 3 of the attachment represents a calculation of the FY 2013 revenue requirement assuming the same level of electric capital investment as in FY 2012. This calculation is presented for illustrative purposes only in order to demonstrate what the total revenue requirement impact would be in FY 2013, were the level of Electric ISR Plan investment to be consistent between FY 2012 and FY 2013.

The Narragansett Electric Company
d/b/a National Grid
R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4218
FY 2012 Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan
Section 5: Attachment 1
Page 1 of 3

# The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability (ISR) Plan Computation of Annual Revenue Requirement Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Line		<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
No.		(a)	(b)
1	Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Expenses:		
2	Operation and wannehance (Occid) Expenses:		
3	Current Year Forecasted Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense	\$9,207,845	\$9,207,845
1	Current Tear Forecasted Vegetation Management (VM) and inspection & Mannethance (1834) O&M Expense	\$9,207,643	\$9,207,643
5	Adjustment to Base Rates to Exclude Current Recovery of VM and I&M O&M Expense	(\$6,549,368)	(\$6,549,368)
6	Adjustition to Base Rates to Excitate Current Recovery of Vin and Text Octob Expense	(\$0,547,500)	(\$0,547,500)
7	O&M Expense Component of Revenue Requirement Subtotal	\$2,658,477	\$2,658,477
8	Oct. A Expense Component of Revenue Requirement SubJour	ψ2,020,477	ψ2,020,477
9	Capital Investment:		
10	Forecasted Revenue Requirement Related to Electric Capital Investment:		
11	Annual Revenue Requirement on FY 2012 Capital Included in Rate Base	\$722,180	\$2,725,300
12	Annual Revenue Requirement on FY 2013 Capital Included in Rate Base	\$0	\$917,120
13	Subtotal Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement	\$722,180	\$3,642,420
14			
15	Capital Investment Component of Revenue Requirement Subtotal	\$722,180	\$3,642,420
16			
17	Total Fiscal Year Revenue Requirement	\$3,380,657	\$6,300,897
18			
19	Total Incremental Fiscal Year Rate Adjustment	\$3,380,657	\$2,920,240

#### Line Notes:

- Column (a) reflects projected Vegetation Management and Inspection & Maintenance O&M expense for FY 2012; Column (b) for FY 2013 is assumed at same level as FY 2012 for illustrative purposes only
- Represents allowance in base distribution rates for Vegetation Management and Inspection & Maintenance expense per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065 until such time as base distribution rates are reset as part of a general rate case
- 7 Line 3 + Line 5
- Column (a) from Page 2, Line 74, Column (a); Column (b) from Page 2, Line 74, Column (a)
- 12 Column (b) from Page 3, Line 74, Column (b) for illustrative purposes only
- 13 Line 11 + Line 12
- 15 + Line 13
- 17 Line 7 + Line 15
- 19 Current Year Line 17 Prior Year Line 17

### The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Computation of Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Investment Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

lo.				Fiscal Year 2012 (a)	Fiscal Year 2013 (b)
1	Capital Additions Allowance			(4)	(5)
2	Non-Discretionary Capital				
3	Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Additions		1/	\$30,087,700	
	Cumulative Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 4 + Current Year Line 3)	1/	\$30,087,700	\$30,087,7
	Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Spending		2/	\$31,341,500	
		(Driver Versal in a 7 + Communt Versal in a 6)	2/		\$31,341,5
	Cumulative Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 7 + Current Year Line 6) (Lesser of Line 4 or Line 7)	3/ -	\$31,341,500 \$30,087,700	\$30,087.7
	Cumulative Allowed Non-Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 4 or Line 7)	5/	\$30,087,700	\$30,087,7
	Discretionary Capital				
	Actual Discretionary Capital Additions		1/	\$18,714,500	
	Cumulative Actual Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 12 + Current Year Line 11)	1/	\$18,714,500	\$18,714,5
	Cumulative Actual Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Tear Line 12 + Current Tear Line 11)	1/	\$18,714,500	\$18,714,3
	Approved Discretionary Capital Spending		4/	\$27,036,150	
	Cumulative Approved Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 15 + Current Year Line 14)	4/	\$27,036,150	\$27,036,1
	Cumulative Allowed Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 12 or Line 15)	5/	\$18,714,500	\$18,714,5
	Cumulative Allowed Discretionary Capital included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 12 of Line 13)	3/	\$18,714,300	\$16,714,3
	Total Cumulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 8 + Line 16)		\$48,802,200	\$48,802,2
	Total Prior Year Cumulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 18 from prior year)		\$48,802,200	\$48,802,2
	Total Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(Line 18 From prior year) (Line 18 - Line 19)	_	\$48,802,200	\$40,002,2
	Total Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Tear	(Line 18 - Line 19)		346,602,200	
	Describle Not Conited Instituted in Party Party				
	Depreciable Net Capital Included in Rate Base	(From Line 20)		640 002 200	
	Total Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year Retirements	(From Line 20) (Line 23 * Retirements Rate)	6/	\$48,802,200 \$7,720,508	
	Net Depreciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 23 - Ketirements Rate) (Line 23 - Line 24)	u/	\$41,081,692	
	Cumulative Net Depreciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Prior Year Line 26 + Current Year Line 25)		\$41,081,692	\$41,081,6
	Cumulative Net Depreciable Capital included in Rate Base	(Filot Teat Line 20 + Current Teat Line 25)		341,001,092	341,061,0
	Change in Net Capital Included in Rate Base				
	Capital Included in Rate Base	(From Line 23)		\$48,802,200	
	Depreciation Expense	(As approved per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, excluding general plant)		\$38,875,088	
	Incremental Depreciable Amount	(Line 29 - Line 30)	_	\$9,927,112	
	Cumulative Incremental Depreciable Amount	(Prior Year Line 32 + Current Year Line 31)		\$9,927,112	\$9,927,1
	Cumulative incremental Depreciatic Amount	(From Teal Ellie 32 + Current Teal Ellie 31)		97,727,112	37,727,1
	Cost of Removal				
	Cost of Removal - Non-Discretionary			\$3,956,000	
	Cumulative Cost of Removal - Non-Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 36 + Current Year Line 35)		\$3,956,000	\$3,956,0
	,	(**************************************		***********	********
	Cost of Removal - Discretionary			\$2,623,000	
	Cumulative Cost of Removal - Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 39 + Current Year Line 38)		\$2,623,000	\$2,623,0
	Total Cost of Removal	(Line 35 + Line 38)		\$6,579,000	
	Total Cumulative Cost of Removal	(Line 36 + Line 39)		\$6,579,000	\$6,579,0
				30,379,000	
	Cumulative Incremental Amount	(Line 32 + Line 42)		\$16,506,112	\$16,506,1
		(Line 32 + Line 42)			
	Deferred Tax Calculation:			\$16,506,112	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate	(Line 32 + Line 42)  (As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)		\$16,506,112 3.40%	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates			\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75%	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)		\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00%	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011)		\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00%	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012)		3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50%	
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011)		\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00%	\$16,506,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)	7/	\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below	7/	\$16,596,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5
	Deferred Tax Calculation: Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)	7/	\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)	7/	\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)	7/	\$16,596,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)	7/	\$16,506,112 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389	\$16,506,1 3,4 7,2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,5  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$43,129,8
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$43,703,079 35,00%	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,2 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$43,703,079 35,00%	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,2 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Manual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation:	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$3,703,079 35.00%	\$16,506,1 3.4 7.2 \$823,5 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8 35,6 \$15,095,4
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$43,703,079 35.00% \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,2  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$43,129,8  \$15,095,4
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Manual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$13,703,079 35.00% \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,5  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$15,095,4
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7 / Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 64) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401.468 \$44,401.468 \$44,401.468 \$698.389 \$698,389 \$598,389 \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3.4 7.2  \$823,5,3 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8 \$5.0 \$15,095,4
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Manual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$13,703,079 35.00% \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,5  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$3,129,8  \$15,095,4
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7 / Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 64) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401.468 \$44,401.468 \$44,401.468 \$698.389 \$698,389 \$598,389 \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,3  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$43,129,8  \$16,506,1  \$(\$2,095,1  \$16,506,1  \$(\$2,095,1  \$15,095,2
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Pax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation;	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)	7/	3.40% 3.75% 3.200% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44.401.468 \$698.389 \$698.389 \$43,703,079 35.00% \$15,296.078 \$15,296.078	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,3  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$15,095,4  \$16,506,1  \$(\$2,095,1  \$(\$5,095,4)
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Manual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7 / Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 64) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$5098,389 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$11,546	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823.1  \$45,224,5  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$15,095,6  \$16,506,1  \$2,095,1  \$16,506,1  \$2,095,1  \$16,506,1  \$2,095,1  \$16,506,1  \$2,095,1  \$2,095,1  \$2,095,1  \$3,129,8  \$3,129,8  \$4,129,8  \$
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 58 - 1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)	7/	\$16,596,112  3.40% 3.75% 32.00% \$51,00% 8.50% N/A  \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$5698,389 \$5698,389 \$598,389 \$515,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078	\$16,506,1  3. 7.:  \$823,: \$45,224,5  \$1,396,: \$2,095,: \$3,129,& \$35,(5,095,: \$16,506,(\$2,095,: \$(\$15,095,: \$(\$684,:
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Pareciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 64) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Line 65 * through 67)  (Line 682 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2) (Line 71 * Line 72)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$5698,389 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$25,823 \$9,30% \$23,792	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.3  \$823,1  \$45,224,5  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$15,095,6  \$15,095,6  \$684,6  \$686,6  \$9,6  \$886,6  \$9,6  \$886,6
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation  Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base  Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2) (Line 57)	= = 8/ _	3.40% 3.47% 3.75% 32.00% 8.50% N/A  \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$508,389 \$51,206,078 \$15,206,078 \$11,646 \$255,823 9.30% \$23,792 \$568,389	\$16,506,1  3. 7.:  \$823: \$45,224; \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1  \$15,095,2 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$16,506
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Pareciation Cumulative Book Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 64) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Line 65 * through 67)  (Line 682 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2) (Line 71 * Line 72)	7/	3.40% 3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$5698,389 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$25,823 \$9,30% \$23,792	\$16,506,1  3. 7.:  \$823: \$45,224; \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1  \$15,095,2 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$15,095,2  \$16,506,1 \$16,506
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Computer Tax Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base  Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes Book Depreciation Property Taxes	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 58 * -1) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)  (Line 71 * Line 72) (Line 57) (S0 in Year 1, then Line 26 + Line 42 - Line 58 (all Prior Year) * Property Tax Rate)	= = 8/ _	3.40% 3.75% 32.00% 8.50% N/A \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$5698,389 \$5698,389 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$11,646 \$255,823 9.30% \$23,792 \$698,389	\$16,506,1  3.4  7.2  \$823,3  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,7  \$2,095,1  \$15,095,4  \$16,506,1  \$(\$2,095,1  \$15,095,4  \$(\$684,4  9.9  \$(\$84,5)  \$1,336,5  \$1,336,5  \$1,336,5
	Deferred Tax Calculation:  Composite Book Depreciation Rate 20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation  Book Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base  Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes Book Depreciation	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)  On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57) (Line 55 - Line 58) (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2) (Line 57)	= = 8/ _	3.40% 3.47% 3.75% 32.00% 8.50% N/A  \$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$508,389 \$51,206,078 \$15,206,078 \$11,646 \$255,823 9.30% \$23,792 \$568,389	\$16,506,1  3. 7.  \$823,3  \$45,224,9  \$1,396,5  \$2,095,  \$151,095,6  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$15,095,6  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$15,095,6  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$15,095,6  \$(\$2,095,6)  \$1,396,6  \$1,396,

- | Reflects projected capital additions (plant-in-service); to be replaced with actual capital additions for annual reconciliation
  | Reflects approved capital spending; to be replaced with actual capital spending for annual reconciliation
  | Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or actual capital spending
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	Ratio	Rate	Rate	Taxes	Return
Long Term Debt	52.08%	5.30%	2.76%		2.76%
Short Term Debt	4.98%	1.60%	0.08%		0.08%
Preferred Stock	0.19%	4.50%	0.01%		0.01%
Common Equity	42.75%	9.80%	4.19%	2.26%	6.45%
	100.00%		7.04%	2.26%	9.30%

Property Tax Rate Calculation based on 2009 actual net plant in service and property tax expense applicable to distribution						
Plant in Service	1,190,817,229					
Accumulated Depreciation	505,832,095					
Distribution-Related Net Plant in Service	684,985,134					
Distribution-Related Rate Year Property Tax Expense	19,494,858					
Distribution-Related Property Tax Rate	2.85%					

## The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Illustrative Computation of Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement Illustrative FY 2013 Investment Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

ne <u>o.</u>				Fiscal Year 2012 (a)	Fiscal Year 2013 (b)
Capital Additions Allows Non-Discretionary C					
	tionary Capital Additions		1/	\$0	\$30,087,700
	Non-Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 4 + Current Year Line 3)	1/	\$0	\$60,175,400
	, <del></del>	(**************************************			,,
	tionary Capital Spending		2/	\$0	\$31,341,500
	Non-Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 7 + Current Year Line 6)	2/	\$0	\$62,683,000
Cumulative Allowed	Non-Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 4 or Line 7)	3/	\$0	\$60,175,400
Discretionary Capita					
	ry Capital Additions	D: V I: 10 C . V I: 10	1/		\$18,714,500
Cumulative Actual	Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 12 + Current Year Line 11)	1/		\$37,429,000
A	onary Capital Spending		4/		\$27,036,150
Cumulative Annro	ved Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 15 + Current Year Line 14)	4/		\$54,072,300
	Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 12 or Line 15)	5/		\$37,429,000
		(======================================	-		,,
Total Cumulative All	lowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 8 + Line 16)			\$97,604,400
	nulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 18 from prior year)			\$48,802,200
Total Allowed Capita	al Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(Line 18 - Line 19)			\$48,802,200
Depreciable Net Capital	included in Rate Base				
	al Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(From Line 20)		\$0	\$48,802,200
Retirements	5.17 1.11 D. D.	(Line 23 * Retirements Rate)	6/	\$0	\$7,720,508
	ital Included in Rate Base	(Line 23 - Line 24)		\$0 \$0	\$41,081,692 \$41,081,692
Cumulative Net Depi	reciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Prior Year Line 26 + Current Year Line 25)		20	\$41,081,692
Change in Net Capital In	cluded in Pate Rase				
Capital Included in R		(From Line 23)		\$0	\$48,802,200
Depreciation Expens		(As approved per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, excluding general plant)		\$0 \$0	\$38,875,088
Incremental Deprecia		(Line 29 - Line 30)	_	\$0	\$9,927,112
	ntal Depreciable Amount	(Prior Year Line 32 + Current Year Line 31)		\$0	\$9,927,112
	•				
Cost of Removal					
Cost of Removal -				\$0	\$3,956,000
Cumulative Cost of	f Removal - Non-Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 36 + Current Year Line 35)		\$0	\$3,956,000
Cost of Removal -		(D) Y I' 20 (C) (Y I' 20)		\$0 \$0	\$2,623,000
Cumulative Cost of	f Removal - Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 39 + Current Year Line 38)		\$0	\$2,623,000
Total Cost of Remov	al	(Line 35 + Line 38)		\$0	\$6,579,000
Total Cumulative Co		(Line 35 + Line 38) (Line 36 + Line 39)		\$0 \$0	\$6,579,000
Cumulative Increm	ental Amount	(Line 32 + Line 42)		\$0	\$16,506,112
Deferred Tax Calculation	<u>1:</u>				
Composite Book Dep	preciation Rate	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)		3.40%	3.40%
20 YR MACRS Tax				3.75%	3.75%
Capital Repairs Dedu				32.00%	32.00%
100% Bonus Depreci		On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011)		51.00%	N/A
50% Bonus Deprecia		On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012)		8.50%	N/A
50% Bonus Deprecia	aon	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)		N/A	25.50%
Annual Tax Deprecia	ation	See Note 7/ Below	7/	\$0	\$32,423,578
Cumulative Tax Deprecia		(Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)	1/	\$0 \$0	\$32,423,578 \$32,423,578
Cumulative Tax Dep	Colation	(FIIOI Teal Line 33 + Current Teal Line 34)		au.	\$32, <del>4</del> 23,378
Book Depreciation		(Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)		\$0	\$698,389
Cumulative Book De	preciation	(Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)		\$0 \$0	\$698,389
	•				
Cumulative Book / T	ax Timer	(Line 55 - Line 58)		\$0	\$31,725,189
Effective Tax Rate				35.00%	35.00%
Deferred Tax Reserv	e	(Line 60 * Line 61)	_	\$0	\$11,103,816
Rate Base Calculation:					
	ntal Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 44)		\$0	\$16,506,112
Accumulated Deprec		(Line 58 * -1)		\$0	(\$698,389
Deferred Tax Reserv	è	(Line 62 * -1)	_	\$0	(\$11,103,816
Year End Rate Base		(Sum of Lines 65 through 67)	_	\$0	\$4,703,907
Average Pate Page	acutation:	(Lina 69/2 for 2012 than (Brier Veer Line 60 : Commet Veer Line 60 : 2)		\$0	\$2,351,954
Average Rate Base		(Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)	0.1		
Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes		(Line 70 * Line 71)	8/	9.30%	9.309 \$218.732
		(Line 70 * Line 71) (Line 57)		\$0 \$0	\$218,732 \$698,389
Rook Depreciation		(\$0 in Year 1, then Line 26 + Line 42 - Line 58 (all Prior Year) * Property Tax Rate)	9/	\$0	\$050,509
Book Depreciation Property Taxes					
Property Taxes					
		(Sum of Lines 70 through 72) (Line 74 Current Year - Line 73 Current Year)		\$0 \$0	\$917,120 \$917,120

- Reflects projected capital additions (plant-in-service); to be replaced with actual capital additions for annual reconciliation
   Reflects approved capital spending; to be replaced with actual capital spending for annual reconciliation
   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or actual capital spending
   Reflects approved capital spending
   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or approved capital spending
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   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or approved capital spending
   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or approved capital spending
- 7/ (Line 23 \* Line 49) + (Line 23 \* .75 \* Line 52)) ((Line 23 (Line 23 \* Line 49) (Line 23 \* .75 \* Line 52)) \* Line 48 + Line 41; 75% of additions (net of repairs) are assumed to qualify for bonus depreciation 8/ Weighted Average Cost of Capital as approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065

	Ratio	Rate	Rate	Taxes	Return
Long Term Debt	52.08%	5.30%	2.76%		2.76%
Short Term Debt	4.98%	1.60%	0.08%		0.08%
Preferred Stock	0.19%	4.50%	0.01%		0.01%
Common Equity	42.75%	9.80%	4.19%	2.26%	6.45%
	100.00%		7.04%	2.26%	9 30%

<ol> <li>Property Tax Rate Calculation based on 2009 actual net plant in service and property.</li> </ol>	1,190,817,229
Accumulated Depreciation	505,832,095
Distribution-Related Net Plant in Service	684,985,134
Distribution-Related Rate Year Property Tax Expense	19,494,858
Distribution-Related Property Tax Rate	2.85%

# Section 6 Electric ISR Provision FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

The Narragansett Electric Company
d/b/a National Grid
R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. \_\_\_\_
Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan
Section 6: Electric ISR Provision
Page 1 of 5

R.I.P.U.C. No. 2044 Sheet 1

### THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PROVISION

In accordance with the provisions of *An Act Relating to Public Utilities and Carriers* – *Revenue Decoupling*, the prices for electric distribution service contained in all of the Company's tariffs are subject to adjustment to reflect the operation of its Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability ("ISR") Provision.

#### I. Infrastructure Investment Mechanism

#### A. Definitions

"Actual Capital Investment" shall mean the sum of i) "Discretionary Capital Investment" and ii) "Non-Discretionary Capital Investment", as defined below, plus cost of removal.

"CapEx Factor" shall mean the per-kWh factor for non-demand rate classes designed to recover the Cumulative Revenue Requirement, as allocated by the Rate Base Allocator, based on Forecasted kWh for the Current Year for each non-demand rate class. For demand-based rate classes Rate G-02, Rates G-32/B-32, and Rates G-62/B-62, the CapEx Factor shall mean the per-kW factor based on Forecasted kWh for the Current Year and historic load factors for each demand-based rate class.

"CapEx Reconciling Factor" shall mean the per-kWh factor designed to recover or refund the over or under billing of the actual Cumulative Revenue Requirement, as allocated by the Rate Base Allocator, for the prior fiscal year, based on Forecasted kWh for the recovery/refund period beginning October 1.

"Cumulative CapEx" shall mean the cumulative Actual Capital Investment for years prior to the Current Year plus Forecasted Capital Investment for the Current Year, recorded since March 31, 2011.

"Cumulative Revenue Requirement" shall mean the return and taxes on year-end cumulative Incremental Rate Base, at a rate equal to the pre-tax weighted average cost of capital as approved by the Commission in the most recent proceeding before the Commission, plus the annual depreciation on Cumulative CapEx, plus the annual municipal property taxes on Cumulative CapEx, beginning in the year following the in service date of electric plant additions.

The Narragansett Electric Company
d/b/a National Grid
R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. \_\_\_\_
Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan
Section 6: Electric ISR Provision
Page 2 of 5

R.I.P.U.C. No. 2044 Sheet 2

### THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PROVISION

"Current Year" shall mean the fiscal year beginning April 1 of the current year and running through March 31 of the subsequent year during which the proposed CapEx Factor and O&M Factor will be in effect.

"Discretionary Capital Investment" shall mean capital investment, other than 'Non-Discretionary' Capital Investment defined below, approved by the Commission as part of the Company's annual electric ISR Plan and shall be defined as the lesser of a) actual 'discretionary' electric plant in service or b) approved 'discretionary' capital spending for Discretionary Capital Investment plus related cost of removal recorded by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with electric distribution infrastructure.

"Forecasted Capital Investment" shall mean the estimated capital investment and cost of removal anticipated to be incurred/recorded by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with electric distribution infrastructure consistent with its capital forecast.

"Forecasted kWh" shall mean the forecasted amount of electricity, as measured in kWh, to be distributed to the Company's distribution customers for the twelve month period during which the proposed factors, as defined in this ISR Provision, will be in effect.

"Incremental Rate Base" shall mean the Cumulative CapEx adjusted for accumulated depreciation and calculated accumulated deferred taxes on Cumulative CapEx since March 31, 2011.

"Non-Discretionary Capital Investment" shall mean capital investment related to the Company's commitment to meet statutory and/or regulatory obligations which amount shall be approved by the Commission as part of the Company's annual electric ISR Plan and shall be defined as the lesser of a) 'non-discretionary' electric plant in service or b) actual 'non-discretionary' capital spending for 'Non-Discretionary' Capital Investment plus related cost of removal recorded by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with electric distribution infrastructure.

"Rate Base Allocator" shall mean the percentage of total rate base allocated to each rate class taken from the most recent proceeding before the Commission that contained an allocated cost of service study.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. \_\_\_\_\_ Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 6: Electric ISR Provision Page 3 of 5

R.I.P.U.C. No. 2044 Sheet 3

### THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PROVISION

#### B. <u>Recovery Mechanism</u>

The CapEx Factors shall recover the Cumulative Revenue Requirement on Cumulative CapEx as approved by the Commission in the Company's annual Electric ISR Filings. The CapEx Factors shall be applicable for the twelve-month period commencing April 1.

The Company's electric ISR mechanism shall include an annual CapEx Factor reconciliation which will reconcile actual Cumulative Revenue Requirement to actual billed revenue generated from the CapEx Factors for the applicable Current Year. The recovery or refund of the reconciliation amounts (either positive or negative) shall be reflected in CapEx Reconciling Factors. The Company shall submit a filing by August 1 of each year ("Reconciliation Filing"), in which the Company shall propose the CapEx Reconciling Factors to become effective for the twelve months beginning October 1. The amount approved for recovery or refund through the CapEx Reconciling Factors shall be subject to reconciliation with amounts billed through the CapEx Reconciling Factors and any difference reflected in future CapEx Reconciling Factors.

#### II. Operation and Maintenance Mechanism

#### A. Definitions

"Actual I&M Expense" shall mean the O&M expense recorded by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with its I&M Program.

"Actual VM Expense" shall mean the O&M expense recorded by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with vegetation management.

"Forecasted I&M Expense" shall mean the O&M expense budgeted by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with its I&M Program.

"Forecasted VM Expense" shall mean the O&M expense budgeted by the Company for a given fiscal year associated with vegetation management.

"I&M Program" shall mean the Company's Inspection and Maintenance Program and related inspection and maintenance activities.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. \_\_\_\_\_ Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 6: Electric ISR Provision Page 4 of 5

R.I.P.U.C. No. 2044 Sheet 4

### THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PROVISION

"O&M" shall mean expenses of the Company recorded in FERC regulatory accounts 580 through 598 pursuant to FERC's Code of Federal Regulations.

"O&M Allocator" shall mean the percentage of total O&M allocated to each rate class taken from the most recent proceeding before the Commission that contained an allocated cost of service study.

"O&M Factor" shall mean the per-kWh factor for all rate classes, except for Rates B62/G-62, designed to recover the Forecasted I&M Expense and Forecasted VM Expense for the Current Year, as allocated by the O&M Allocator, based on Forecasted kWh for the Current Year for each rate class. For Rates G-62/B-62, the O&M Factor shall mean the per-kW factor based on Forecasted kWh for the Current Year and historic load factors for the rate class.

"O&M Reconciling Factor" shall mean the uniform per-kWh factor designed to recover or refund the under or over billing of Actual I&M Expense and Actual VM Expense for the prior fiscal year, based on Forecasted kWh for the recovery/refund period beginning October 1.

#### B. Recovery Mechanism

The O&M Factor shall recover the sum of the annual Forecasted I&M Expense and Forecasted VM Expense as approved by the Commission in the Company's annual Electric ISR Filings. The O&M Factor shall be applicable for the twelve-month period commencing April 1.

The Company's Electric ISR mechanism shall include an annual O&M Factor reconciliation which will reconcile Actual I&M Expense and Actual VM Expense to actual billed revenue from the O&M Factor for the Current Year. The recovery or refund of the reconciliation amount (either positive or negative) shall be reflected in the O&M Reconciling Factor. In its Reconciliation Filing, the Company shall propose the O&M Reconciling Factor to become effective for the twelve months beginning October 1. The amount approved for recovery or refund through the O&M Reconciling Factor shall be subject to reconciliation with amounts billed through the O&M Reconciling Factor and any difference reflected in a future O&M Reconciling Factor.

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. \_\_\_\_\_ Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Section 6: Electric ISR Provision Page 5 of 5

R.I.P.U.C. No. 2044 Sheet 5

### THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PROVISION

#### III. Annual Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Maintenance Plan

By January 1 of each year, the Company shall submit to the Commission for review and approval its proposed Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan ("Electric ISR Plan") for the upcoming Current Year. The Electric ISR Plan shall consist of Forecasted Capital Investment, Forecasted I&M Expense, Forecasted VM Expense, and, if mutually agreed upon by the Division and the Company, the revenue requirement, whether the result of capital investment or O&M expenditures, of any other cost relating to maintaining safe and reliable electric service.

### IV. <u>Annual Report on Electric ISR Plan Activities</u>

The Company's August 1 Reconciliation Filing shall include an annual report on the prior fiscal year's activities. In implementing its Electric ISR Plan, the circumstances encountered during the year may require reasonable deviations from the original plans approved by the Commission. In such cases, in the annual report, the Company would include an explanation of any deviations in excess of ten (10) percent above Forecasted Capital Investment, Forecasted I&M Expense, and Forecasted VM Expense. For cost recovery purposes, the Company has the burden to show that any such deviations were due to circumstances out of its reasonable control or, if within its control, were reasonable and prudent.

#### V. Adjustments to Rates

Modifications to the factors contained in this Electric ISR Provision shall be in accordance with a notice filed with the Commission setting forth the amount(s) of the revised factor(s) and the amount(s) of the increase(s) or decrease(s). The notice shall further specify the effective date of such charges.

Effective: April 1, 2011

### **Section 7**

Rate Design - Revised FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

#### The Narragansett Electric Company Infrastructure, Safety & Reliability Plan Adjustment & Factors Calculations - Summary

Line No.		A16 / A60 (a)	<u>C-06</u> (b)	<u>G-02</u> (c)	B32 / G32 (d)	B62 / G62 (e)	S10 / S14 (f)	<u>X-01</u> (g)
	Section 1: Adjustments (*							
(1)	VM and I&M Adjustment per kWh	(\$0.00101)	(\$0.00110)	(\$0.00080)	(\$0.00048)	n/a	(\$0.00683)	(\$0.00112)
(2)	VM and I&M Adjustment per kW	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	(\$0.21)	n/a	n/a
(1) (2)	Page 4, Line 8 Page 4, Line 10							
	Section 2: Charges							_
(3)	O&M Factor per kWh	\$0.00141	\$0.00150	\$0.00120	\$0.00064	n/a	\$0.00898	\$0.00158
(4)	O&M Factor per kW	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0.36	n/a	n/a
(5)	CapEx kWh Charge	\$0.00011	\$0.00011	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0.00053	\$0.00012
(6)	CapEx kW Charge	n/a	n/a	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.02	n/a	n/a
(3) (4) (5) (6)	Page 3, Line 6 Page 3, Line 8 Page 2, Line 6 Page 2, Line 8							
	Section 3: Net Charges							
(7)	Net kWh Charge <sup>7</sup>	\$0.00051	\$0.00051	\$0.00040	\$0.00016	n/a	\$0.00268	\$0.00058
(8)	Net kW Charge <sup>8</sup>	n/a	n/a	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.17	n/a	n/a
(7) (8)	Line (1) + Line (3) + Line (5) Line (2) + Line (4) + Line (6)							

<sup>(\*)</sup> Represents a permanent, one-time reduction to base distribution charges

#### The Narragansett Electric Co. Proposed CapEx Factor

Line No	).	Total (a)	Residential A16 / A60 (b)	Small C&I <u>C-06</u> (c)	General C&I <u>G-02</u> (d)	200 kW Demand <u>B32 / G32</u> (e)	3000 kW Demand <u>B62 / G62</u> (f)	Lighting S10 / S14 (g)	Propulsion  X-01  (h)
(1)	Proposed FY Capital Investment under ISR Plan	\$722,180							
(2)	Total Rate Base (\$000s)	\$550,864	\$278,750	\$50,517	\$90,429	\$76,427	\$22,285	\$29,950	\$2,505
(3)	Percentage of Total	100.00%	50.60%	9.17%	16.42%	13.87%	4.05%	5.44%	0.45%
(4)	Allocated Proposed Costs to be Recovered	\$722,180	\$365,440	\$66,228	\$118,552	\$100,196	\$29,216	\$39,264	\$3,284
(5)	Forecasted kWh - April 2011 through March 2012	7,744,354,117	3,062,956,771	568,740,502	1,290,932,139	2,151,182,017	571,455,232	73,152,759	25,934,696
(6)	Proposed CapEx Factor - kWh charge		\$0.00011	\$0.00011	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0.00053	\$0.00012
(7)	Forecasted kW - April 2011 through March 2012				2,548,372	2,801,427	1,091,075		
(8)	Proposed CapEx Factor - kW Charge		n/a	n/a	\$0.04	\$0.03	\$0.02	n/a	n/a

#### Line No.

- No.
  (1) per Schedule DET-1 Revised, Page 1, Line 15, Column (a)
  (2) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-HSG-1 (C) 2nd Amended, page 4, line 51
  (3) Line (2) ÷ Line (2) Total Column
  (4) Line (1) Total Column \* Line (3)
  (5) per Company forecasts
  (6) For non demand-based rate classes, Line (4) ÷ Line (5), truncated to 5 decimal places
- (7) per Company forecasts
  (8) For demand-based rate classes, Line (4) ÷ Line (7), truncated to 2 decimal places
  Note: charges apply to kW>10 for rate class G-02 and kW>200 for rate class B32/G32

#### The Narragansett Electric Co. Proposed Operations & Maintenance Factor

Line No	).	Total (a)	Residential A16 / A60 (b)	Small C&I <u>C-06</u> (c)	General C&I G-02 (d)	200 kW Demand <u>B32 / G32</u> (e)	3000 kW Demand <u>B62 / G62</u> (f)	Lighting S10/S14 (g)	Propulsion X-01 (h)
(1)	Current Year Forecasted Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense	\$9,207,845							
(2)	Operating & Maintenance Expense - Rate Year Allowance (\$000s)	\$44,309	\$20,803	\$4,116	\$7,477	\$6,649	\$1,901	\$3,164	\$198
(3)	Percentage of Total	100.00%	46.95%	9.29%	16.88%	15.01%	4.29%	7.14%	0.45%
(4)	Allocated Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense	\$9,207,845	\$4,323,118	\$855,372	\$1,553,825	\$1,381,758	\$395,070	\$657,535	\$41,167
(5)	Forecasted kWh - April 2011 through March 2012	7,744,354,117	3,062,956,771	568,740,502	1,290,932,139	2,151,182,017	571,455,232	73,152,759	25,934,696
(6)	Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense Charge per kWh		\$0.00141	\$0.00150	\$0.00120	\$0.00064	n/a	\$0.00898	\$0.00158
(7)	Forecasted kW - April 2011 through March 2012						1,091,075		
(8)	Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense Charge per kW		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$0.36	n/a	n/a

- Line No.

  (1) per Schedule DET-1 Revised, Page 1, Line 3, Column (a)

  (2) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-HSG-1 (C) 2nd Amended, page 4, line 74

  (3) Line (2) Line (2) Total Column

  (4) Line (1) Total Column \* Line (3)

  (5) per Company forecasts

  (6) Line (4) Line (5), truncated to 5 decimal places

  (7) per Company forecasts

  (8) Line (4) Line (7), truncated to 2 decimal places

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4218 Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Plan Section 7: Rate Design - Revised Page 4 of 4

#### The Narragansett Electric Co. Adjustment to Base Distribution Charges for Vegetation Management O&M Expenses and Inspection & Maintenance O&M Expenses

Line No	).	Total (a)	Residential A16 / A60 (b)	Small C&I <u>C-06</u> (c)	General C&I <u>G-02</u> (d)	200 kW Demand <u>B32 / G32</u> (e)	3000 kW Demand <u>B62 / G62</u> (f)	Lighting S10/S14 (g)	Propulsion  X-01  (h)
(1) (2) (3)	Vegetation Management (VM) O&M Expenses - Rate Year Allowance Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense - Rate Year Allowance Total Expense to be Credited	\$5,081,368 \$1,468,000 \$6,549,368							
(4)	Operating & Maintenance Expense - Rate Year Allowance (\$000s)	\$44,309	\$20,803	\$4,116	\$7,477	\$6,649	\$1,901	\$3,164	\$198
(5)	Percentage of Total	100.00%	46.95%	9.29%	16.88%	15.01%	4.29%	7.14%	0.45%
(6)	Allocated Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense	\$6,549,368	\$3,074,953	\$608,410	\$1,105,207	\$982,818	\$281,006	\$467,693	\$29,282
(7)	Billing Units (kWhs)		3,037,613,124	552,428,873	1,371,693,627	2,041,538,285	565,377,847	68,381,640	25,935,238
(8)	Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense Adjustment per kWh		(\$0.00101)	(\$0.00110)	(\$0.00080)	(\$0.00048)	n/a	(\$0.00683)	(\$0.00112)
(9)	Billing Units (kW)						1,301,916		
(10)	$\label{thm:continuous} Vegetation\ Management\ (VM)\ and\ Inspection\ \&\ Maintenance\ (I\&M)\ O\&M$ Expense Adjustment per kW		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	(\$0.21)	n/a	n/a

#### Line No.

- No.
  (1) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-RLO-2 (C) 2nd Amended, page 23, line 11
  (2) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-RLO-2 (C) 2nd Amended, page 24, line 13
  (3) Line 1 + Line 2
  (4) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-HSG-1 (C) 2nd Amended, page 4, line 74
  (5) Line 4 + Line 4 Total Column
  (6) Line 3 Total Column \* Line 5
  (7) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-HSG-6 (C) 2nd Amended, page 2, line 18; page 4, line 18; page 5, line 12; page 6, line 11; page 7, line 11; page 12, line 20; page 8, line 8
  (9) Line 5 Line 7 Impractuate 15 document larges
- (8) Line 6 ÷ Line 7, truncated to 5 decimal places

  (9) per R.I.P.U.C. 4065 Schedule NG-HSG-6 (C) 2nd Amended, page 7, line 16

  (10) Line 6 ÷ Line 9, truncated to 2 decimal places

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Costs are proposed to be recovered as indicated in the Infrastructure Safety and Reliability Provision Tariff

Exhibit 1
Section 8
Bill Impacts-Revised

### **Section 8**

Bill Impacts - Revised FY 2012 Electric ISR Plan

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#### Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on A-16 Rate Customers

Present Rates Monthly Standard		Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)		Percentage		
kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total	of Custs
120	\$22.65	\$11.86	\$10.79	\$22.72	\$11.86	\$10.86	\$0.07	0.3%	9.0%
240	\$41.40	\$23.72	\$17.68	\$41.52	\$23.72	\$17.80	\$0.12	0.3%	15.7%
500	\$82.01	\$49.42	\$32.59	\$82.28	\$49.42	\$32.86	\$0.27	0.3%	38.2%
700	\$113.26	\$69.19	\$44.07	\$113.63	\$69.19	\$44.44	\$0.37	0.3%	20.2%
950	\$152.31	\$93.90	\$58.41	\$152.82	\$93.90	\$58.92	\$0.51	0.3%	14.6%
1,000	\$160.12	\$98.84	\$61.28	\$160.65	\$98.84	\$61.81	\$0.53	0.3%	2.3%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$3.75	Customer Charge		\$3.75
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01569	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01569
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.03521	Distribution Energy Charge (2)	kWh x	\$0.03572
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00014/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00101/kWh, Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00141/kWh, and Proposed CapEx Factor of \$0.00011/kWh Note (3): Includes Standard Offer of \$0.09115/kWh Standard Offer Adjustment Factor of \$0.00134/kWh, Standard OfferService Administrative Cost Factor of \$0.00117/kWh, and Renewable Energy Standard Charge of \$0.00123/kWh

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### Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates

Impact on A-60 Rate Customers

Monthly	Present Rates Standard			Pr	oposed Rates Standard	Increase/(Decrease)		
kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
100	\$13.71	\$9.88	\$3.83	\$13.76	\$9.88	\$3.88	\$0.05	0.4%
200	\$27.43	\$19.77	\$7.66	\$27.53	\$19.77	\$7.76	\$0.10	0.4%
300	\$41.14	\$29.65	\$11.49	\$41.30	\$29.65	\$11.65	\$0.16	0.4%
500	\$68.57	\$49.42	\$19.15	\$68.83	\$49.42	\$19.41	\$0.26	0.4%
750	\$102.85	\$74.13	\$28.72	\$103.25	\$74.13	\$29.12	\$0.40	0.4%
1000	\$137.13	\$98.84	\$38.29	\$137.66	\$98.84	\$38.82	\$0.53	0.4%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:				
Customer Charge		\$0.00	Customer Charge		\$0.00		
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01569	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01569		
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.01689	Distribution Energy Charge (2)	kWh x	\$0.01740		
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068		
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350		
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%		
Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489		

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00014/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00101/kWh, Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00141/kWh, and Proposed CapEx Factor of \$0.00011/kWh Note (3): Includes Standard Offer of \$0.09115/kWh Standard Offer Adjustment Factor of \$0.00134/kWh, Standard OfferService Administrative Cost Factor of \$0.00117/kWh, and Renewable Energy Standard Charge of \$0.00123/kWh

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#### Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on C-06 Rate Customers

Present Rates Monthly Standard			P	roposed Rates Standard		Increase/(Decrease)		Percentage	
kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total	of Custs
250	\$46.88	\$24.71	\$22.17	\$47.01	\$24.71	\$22.30	\$0.13	0.3%	35.2%
500	\$85.43	\$49.42	\$36.01	\$85.69	\$49.42	\$36.27	\$0.26	0.3%	17.0%
1,000	\$162.52	\$98.84	\$63.68	\$163.05	\$98.84	\$64.21	\$0.53	0.3%	19.0%
1,500	\$239.62	\$148.27	\$91.35	\$240.42	\$148.27	\$92.15	\$0.80	0.3%	9.8%
2,000	\$316.71	\$197.69	\$119.02	\$317.77	\$197.69	\$120.08	\$1.06	0.3%	19.1%
2,000	\$316.71	\$197.69	\$119.02	\$317.77	\$197.69	\$120.08	\$1.06	0.3%	

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:				
Customer Charge		\$8.00	Customer Charge		\$8.00		
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01579	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.01579		
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.03316	Distribution Energy Charge (2)	kWh x	\$0.03367		
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068		
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350		
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%		
Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.09489		

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00014/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.0011/kWh, Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.0015/kWh, and Proposed CapEx Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

 $Note \ (3): \ Includes \ Standard \ Offer \ of \$0.09115/kWh \ Standard \ Offer \ Adjustment \ Factor \ of \$0.00134/kWh, \ Standard \ Offer \ Service \ Administrative \ Cost \ Factor \ of \$0.00117/kWh, \ and \ Renewable \ Energy \ Standard \ Charge \ of \$0.00123/kWh$ 

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-02 Rate Customers

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	Monthly	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)	
	kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
•	20	4,000	\$622.87	\$320.58	\$302.29	\$624.96	\$320.58	\$304.38	\$2.09	0.3%
	50	10,000	\$1,432.19	\$801.46	\$630.73	\$1,438.02	\$801.46	\$636.56	\$5.83	0.4%
	100	20,000	\$2,781.05	\$1,602.92	\$1,178.13	\$2,793.13	\$1,602.92	\$1,190.21	\$12.08	0.4%
	150	30,000	\$4,129.90	\$2,404.38	\$1,725.52	\$4,148.23	\$2,404.38	\$1,743.85	\$18.33	0.4%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$125.00	Customer Charge		\$125.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671
Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW	kW x	\$4.50	Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW (2)	kW x	\$4.54
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00771	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00811
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00013/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.04 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.0008/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.0012/kWh

Note (4): Includes Standard Offer of \$0.07325/kWh, Renewable Energy Standard Charge of \$0.00123/kWh, Standard Offer Adjustment Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-02 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 300

Monthly	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)		
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total	
20	6,000	\$821.92	\$480.88	\$341.04	\$824.84	\$480.88	\$343.96	\$2.92	0.4%	
50	15,000	\$1,929.79	\$1,202.19	\$727.60	\$1,937.71	\$1,202.19	\$735.52	\$7.92	0.4%	
100	30,000	\$3,776.26	\$2,404.38	\$1,371.88	\$3,792.51	\$2,404.38	\$1,388.13	\$16.25	0.4%	
150	45,000	\$5,622.71	\$3,606.56	\$2,016.15	\$5,647.29	\$3,606.56	\$2,040.73	\$24.58	0.4%	

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$125.00	Customer Charge		\$125.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671
Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW	kW x	\$4.50	Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW (2)	kW x	\$4.54
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00771	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00811
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00013/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.04 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.0008/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.0012/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-02 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 400

	Monthly	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)		
	kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total	
ŀ	20	8,000	\$1,020.96	\$641.17	\$379.79	\$1,024.71	\$641.17	\$383.54	\$3.75	0.4%	
	50	20,000	\$2,427.40	\$1,602.92	\$824.48	\$2,437.40	\$1,602.92	\$834.48	\$10.00	0.4%	
	100	40,000	\$4,771.46	\$3,205.83	\$1,565.63	\$4,791.87	\$3,205.83	\$1,586.04	\$20.41	0.4%	
	150	60,000	\$7,115.52	\$4,808.75	\$2,306.77	\$7,146.35	\$4,808.75	\$2,337.60	\$30.83	0.4%	

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$125.00	Customer Charge		\$125.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671
Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW	kW x	\$4.50	Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW (2)	kW x	\$4.54
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00771	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00811
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00013/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.04 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.0008/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.0012/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-02 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 500

Monthly 1	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)	
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
20	10,000	\$1,220.00	\$801.46	\$418.54	\$1,224.59	\$801.46	\$423.13	\$4.59	0.4%
50	25,000	\$2,925.00	\$2,003.65	\$921.35	\$2,937.09	\$2,003.65	\$933.44	\$12.09	0.4%
100	50,000	\$5,766.67	\$4,007.29	\$1,759.38	\$5,791.25	\$4,007.29	\$1,783.96	\$24.58	0.4%
150	75,000	\$8,608.34	\$6,010.94	\$2,597.40	\$8,645.42	\$6,010.94	\$2,634.48	\$37.08	0.4%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$125.00	Customer Charge		\$125.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671
Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW	kW x	\$4.50	Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW (2)	kW x	\$4.54
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00771	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00811
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00013/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.04 per kW

Note~(3):~Includes~Proposed~Base~Rate~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0008/kWh~and~Proposed~O&M~Factor~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adjustment~of~\$-0.0012/kWh~Adj

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-02 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 600

	Monthly	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)		
	kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total	
•	20	12,000	\$1,419.04	\$961.75	\$457.29	\$1,424.46	\$961.75	\$462.71	\$5.42	0.4%	
	50	30,000	\$3,422.61	\$2,404.38	\$1,018.23	\$3,436.78	\$2,404.38	\$1,032.40	\$14.17	0.4%	
	100	60,000	\$6,761.88	\$4,808.75	\$1,953.13	\$6,790.63	\$4,808.75	\$1,981.88	\$28.75	0.4%	
	150	90,000	\$10,101.15	\$7,213.13	\$2,888.02	\$10,144.48	\$7,213.13	\$2,931.35	\$43.33	0.4%	

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$125.00	Customer Charge		\$125.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.29
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00671
Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW	kW x	\$4.50	Distribution Demand Charge-xcs 10 kW (2)	kW x	\$4.54
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00771	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00811
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%	Gross Earnings Tax		4.00%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note~(1):~Includes~Transmission~Adjustment~Factor~of~\$0.00001/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Factor~of~\$0.00013/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.04 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.0008/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.0012/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-32 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 200

Monthly l	Power	Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)	
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
200	40,000	\$5,239.58	\$3,205.83	\$2,033.75	\$5,246.25	\$3,205.83	\$2,040.42	\$6.67	0.1%
750	150,000	\$18,645.84	\$12,021.88	\$6,623.96	\$18,688.03	\$12,021.88	\$6,666.15	\$42.19	0.2%
1,000	200,000	\$24,739.59	\$16,029.17	\$8,710.42	\$24,797.92	\$16,029.17	\$8,768.75	\$58.33	0.2%
1,500	300,000	\$36,927.08	\$24,043.75	\$12,883.33	\$37,017.71	\$24,043.75	\$12,973.96	\$90.63	0.2%
2,500	500,000	\$61,302.09	\$40,072.92	\$21,229.17	\$61,457.30	\$40,072.92	\$21,384.38	\$155.21	0.3%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$750.00	Customer Charge		\$750.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW	kW x	\$2.00	Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW (2)	kW x	\$2.03
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00873	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00889
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note~(1):~Includes~Transmission~Adjustment~Factor~of~\$0.00001/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Factor~of~\$0.00011/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.03 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00048/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00064/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-32 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 300

Monthly Power Present Rates Standard			P	roposed Rates Standard	Increase/(Decrease)				
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
200	60,000	\$7,231.25	\$4,808.75	\$2,422.50	\$7,241.25	\$4,808.75	\$2,432.50	\$10.00	0.1%
750	225,000	\$26,114.58	\$18,032.81	\$8,081.77	\$26,169.27	\$18,032.81	\$8,136.46	\$54.69	0.2%
1,000	300,000	\$34,697.92	\$24,043.75	\$10,654.17	\$34,772.92	\$24,043.75	\$10,729.17	\$75.00	0.2%
1,500	450,000	\$51,864.59	\$36,065.63	\$15,798.96	\$51,980.21	\$36,065.63	\$15,914.58	\$115.62	0.2%
2,500	750,000	\$86,197.92	\$60,109.38	\$26,088.54	\$86,394.80	\$60,109.38	\$26,285.42	\$196.88	0.2%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$750.00	Customer Charge		\$750.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW	kW x	\$2.00	Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW (2)	kW x	\$2.03
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00873	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00889
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note~(1):~Includes~Transmission~Adjustment~Factor~of~\$0.00001/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Factor~of~\$0.00011/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.03 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00048/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00064/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-32 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 400

Monthly l	Power Present Rates Standard			P	roposed Rates Standard	Increase/(Decrease)			
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
200	80,000	\$9,222.92	\$6,411.67	\$2,811.25	\$9,236.25	\$6,411.67	\$2,824.58	\$13.33	0.1%
750	300,000	\$33,583.33	\$24,043.75	\$9,539.58	\$33,650.52	\$24,043.75	\$9,606.77	\$67.19	0.2%
1,000	400,000	\$44,656.25	\$32,058.33	\$12,597.92	\$44,747.91	\$32,058.33	\$12,689.58	\$91.66	0.2%
1,500	600,000	\$66,802.08	\$48,087.50	\$18,714.58	\$66,942.71	\$48,087.50	\$18,855.21	\$140.63	0.2%
2,500	1,000,000	\$111,093.75	\$80,145.83	\$30,947.92	\$111,332.29	\$80,145.83	\$31,186.46	\$238.54	0.2%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$750.00	Customer Charge		\$750.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW	kW x	\$2.00	Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW (2)	kW x	\$2.03
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00873	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00889
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.03 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00048/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00064/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-32 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 500

	Monthly F	Monthly Power Present Rates Standard		I	Proposed Rates Standard	Increase/(Decrease)				
	kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
-	200	100,000	\$11,214.58	\$8,014.58	\$3,200.00	\$11,231.25	\$8,014.58	\$3,216.67	\$16.67	0.1%
	750	375,000	\$41,052.09	\$30,054.69	\$10,997.40	\$41,131.77	\$30,054.69	\$11,077.08	\$79.68	0.2%
	1,000	500,000	\$54,614.59	\$40,072.92	\$14,541.67	\$54,722.92	\$40,072.92	\$14,650.00	\$108.33	0.2%
	1,500	750,000	\$81,739.59	\$60,109.38	\$21,630.21	\$81,905.21	\$60,109.38	\$21,795.83	\$165.62	0.2%
	2,500	1,250,000	\$135,989.58	\$100,182.29	\$35,807.29	\$136,269.79	\$100,182.29	\$36,087.50	\$280.21	0.2%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$750.00	Customer Charge		\$750.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW	kW x	\$2.00	Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW (2)	kW x	\$2.03
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00873	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00889
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.03 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00048/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00064/kWh

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-32 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 600

Monthly Power Present Rates Standard				1	Proposed Rates Standard	Increase/(Decrease)			
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
200	120,000	\$13,206.25	\$9,617.50	\$3,588.75	\$13,226.25	\$9,617.50	\$3,608.75	\$20.00	0.2%
750	450,000	\$48,520.84	\$36,065.63	\$12,455.21	\$48,613.03	\$36,065.63	\$12,547.40	\$92.19	0.2%
1,000	600,000	\$64,572.92	\$48,087.50	\$16,485.42	\$64,697.92	\$48,087.50	\$16,610.42	\$125.00	0.2%
1,500	900,000	\$96,677.08	\$72,131.25	\$24,545.83	\$96,867.71	\$72,131.25	\$24,736.46	\$190.63	0.2%
2,500	1,500,000	\$160,885.42	\$120,218.75	\$40,666.67	\$161,207.29	\$120,218.75	\$40,988.54	\$321.87	0.2%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$750.00	Customer Charge		\$750.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW	kW x	\$2.00	Distribution Demand Charge - > 200 kW (2)	kW x	\$2.03
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00873	Distribution Energy Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.00889
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
		.,,	2.2.2.2		.,,
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note~(1):~Includes~Transmission~Adjustment~Factor~of~\$0.00001/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Factor~of~\$0.00011/kWh~and~Transmission~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible~Uncollectible

Note (2): Includes Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.03 per kW

Note (3): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.00048/kWh and Proposed O&M Factor of \$0.00064/kWh

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 $File: S: \ADATA1 \2010 \ neco \2010 \ Legislation \ISR \ Filing \4218) \Commission \ Filing \Aevised \ Filing \2-x-11) \Rate \ Design \[Section 8 \ typbills. XLS] \ Input \ Section \Alpha \$ 

Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-62 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 200

Monthly Power		Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)	
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
3,000	600,000	\$87,652.08	\$48,087.50	\$39,564.58	\$88,183.33	\$48,087.50	\$40,095.83	\$531.25	0.6%
5,000	1,000,000	\$134,281.25	\$80,145.83	\$54,135.42	\$135,166.66	\$80,145.83	\$55,020.83	\$885.41	0.7%
7,500	1,500,000	\$192,567.71	\$120,218.75	\$72,348.96	\$193,895.83	\$120,218.75	\$73,677.08	\$1,328.12	0.7%
10,000	2,000,000	\$250,854.17	\$160,291.67	\$90,562.50	\$252,625.00	\$160,291.67	\$92,333.33	\$1,770.83	0.7%
20,000	4,000,000	\$484,000.00	\$320,583.33	\$163,416.67	\$487,541.66	\$320,583.33	\$166,958.33	\$3,541.66	0.7%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$17,000.00	Customer Charge		\$17,000.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.69	Distribution Demand Charge (2)	kW x	\$2.86
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019	Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.21 per kW, Proposed O&M kW Charge of \$0.36 per kW, and Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.02 per kW

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 $File: S: \ADATA1 \2010 \ neco \2010 \ Legislation \ISR \ Filing \4218) \Commission \ Filing \Aevised \ Filing \2-x-11) \Rate \ Design \[Section 8 \ typbills. XLS] \ Input \ Section \Alpha \$ 

Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-62 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 300

Monthly Power		Present Rates Standard			Proposed Rates Standard			Increase/(Decrease)	
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
3,000	900,000	\$114,858.33	\$72,131.25	\$42,727.08	\$115,389.58	\$72,131.25	\$43,258.33	\$531.25	0.5%
5,000	1,500,000	\$179,625.00	\$120,218.75	\$59,406.25	\$180,510.42	\$120,218.75	\$60,291.67	\$885.42	0.5%
7,500	2,250,000	\$260,583.34	\$180,328.13	\$80,255.21	\$261,911.46	\$180,328.13	\$81,583.33	\$1,328.12	0.5%
10,000	3,000,000	\$341,541.67	\$240,437.50	\$101,104.17	\$343,312.50	\$240,437.50	\$102,875.00	\$1,770.83	0.5%
20,000	6,000,000	\$665,375.00	\$480,875.00	\$184,500.00	\$668,916.67	\$480,875.00	\$188,041.67	\$3,541.67	0.5%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$17,000.00	Customer Charge		\$17,000.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.69	Distribution Demand Charge (2)	kW x	\$2.86
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019	Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.21 per kW, Proposed O&M kW Charge of \$0.36 per kW, and Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.02 per kW

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-62 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 400

Monti Power	-	I	Present Rates Standard		P	roposed Rates Standard		Increase/(	Decrease)
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
3,000	1,200,000	\$142,064.58	\$96,175.00	\$45,889.58	\$142,595.83	\$96,175.00	\$46,420.83	\$531.25	0.4%
5,000	2,000,000	\$224,968.75	\$160,291.67	\$64,677.08	\$225,854.17	\$160,291.67	\$65,562.50	\$885.42	0.4%
7,500	3,000,000	\$328,598.96	\$240,437.50	\$88,161.46	\$329,927.08	\$240,437.50	\$89,489.58	\$1,328.12	0.4%
10,000	4,000,000	\$432,229.16	\$320,583.33	\$111,645.83	\$434,000.00	\$320,583.33	\$113,416.67	\$1,770.84	0.4%
20,000	8,000,000	\$846,750.00	\$641,166.67	\$205,583.33	\$850,291.67	\$641,166.67	\$209,125.00	\$3,541.67	0.4%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge Transmission Demand Charge Transmission Energy Charge (1) Distribution Demand Charge Distribution Energy Charge Transition Energy Charge	kW x kWh x kW x kWh x kWh x	\$17,000.00 \$2.28 \$0.00575 \$2.69 \$0.00019 \$0.00068	Customer Charge Transmission Demand Charge Transmission Energy Charge (1) Distribution Demand Charge (2) Distribution Energy Charge Transition Energy Charge	kW x kWh x kW x kWh x	\$17,000.00 \$2.28 \$0.00575 \$2.86 \$0.00019 \$0.00068
Cases Formings Toy	kWh x	\$0.00350 4%	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350 4%
Gross Earnings Tax Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	4% \$0.07694	Gross Earnings Tax Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.21 per kW, Proposed O&M kW Charge of \$0.36 per kW, and Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.02 per kW

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-62 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 500

Mont Power	•	1	Present Rates Standard		F	Proposed Rates Standard		Increase/(	Decrease)
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
3,000	1,500,000	\$169,270.83	\$120,218.75	\$49,052.08	\$169,802.08	\$120,218.75	\$49,583.33	\$531.25	0.3%
5,000	2,500,000	\$270,312.50	\$200,364.58	\$69,947.92	\$271,197.91	\$200,364.58	\$70,833.33	\$885.41	0.3%
7,500	3,750,000	\$396,614.59	\$300,546.88	\$96,067.71	\$397,942.71	\$300,546.88	\$97,395.83	\$1,328.12	0.3%
10,000	5,000,000	\$522,916.67	\$400,729.17	\$122,187.50	\$524,687.50	\$400,729.17	\$123,958.33	\$1,770.83	0.3%
20,000	10,000,000	\$1,028,125.00	\$801,458.33	\$226,666.67	\$1,031,666.66	\$801,458.33	\$230,208.33	\$3,541.66	0.3%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$17,000.00	Customer Charge		\$17,000.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.69	Distribution Demand Charge (2)	kW x	\$2.86
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019	Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.21 per kW, Proposed O&M kW Charge of \$0.36 per kW, and Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.02 per kW

Note (3): Includes Standard Offer of \$0.07325/kWh, Renewable Energy Standard Charge of \$0.00123/kWh, Standard Offer Adjustment Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Administrative Cost Factor of \$0.00102/kWh for Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00102/kWh for Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor of \$0.00144/kWh for Standard Offer Service

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Date: 24-Feb-11 Time: 02:44 PM Calculation of Monthly Typical Bill Comparison of Present and Proposed Rates Impact on G-62 Rate Customers

Hours Use: 600

Mo Pow	onthly	1	Present Rates Standard		P	Proposed Rates Standard		Increase/(	Decrease)
kW	kWh	Total	Offer	Delivery	Total	Offer	Delivery	Amount	% of Total
3,000	1,800,000	\$196,477.08	\$144,262.50	\$52,214.58	\$197,008.33	\$144,262.50	\$52,745.83	\$531.25	0.3%
5,000	3,000,000	\$315,656.25	\$240,437.50	\$75,218.75	\$316,541.67	\$240,437.50	\$76,104.17	\$885.42	0.3%
7,500	4,500,000	\$464,630.21	\$360,656.25	\$103,973.96	\$465,958.33	\$360,656.25	\$105,302.08	\$1,328.12	0.3%
10,000	6,000,000	\$613,604.17	\$480,875.00	\$132,729.17	\$615,375.00	\$480,875.00	\$134,500.00	\$1,770.83	0.3%
20,000	12,000,000	\$1,209,500.00	\$961,750.00	\$247,750.00	\$1,213,041.67	\$961,750.00	\$251,291.67	\$3,541.67	0.3%

Note: Present Rates are rates in effect as of December 31, 2010

Present Rates:			Proposed Rates - April 1, 2011:		
Customer Charge		\$17,000.00	Customer Charge		\$17,000.00
Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28	Transmission Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.28
Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575	Transmission Energy Charge (1)	kWh x	\$0.00575
Distribution Demand Charge	kW x	\$2.69	Distribution Demand Charge (2)	kW x	\$2.86
Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019	Distribution Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00019
Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068	Transition Energy Charge	kWh x	\$0.00068
C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350	C&LM Adjustment	kWh x	\$0.00350
Gross Earnings Tax		4%	Gross Earnings Tax		4%
Standard Offer Charge (4)	kWh x	\$0.07694	Standard Offer Charge (3)	kWh x	\$0.07694

Note (1): Includes Transmission Adjustment Factor of \$0.00001/kWh and Transmission Uncollectible Factor of \$0.00011/kWh

Note (2): Includes Proposed Base Rate Adjustment of \$-0.21 per kW, Proposed O&M kW Charge of \$0.36 per kW, and Proposed CapEx kW Charge of \$0.02 per kW Note (3): Includes Standard Offer of \$0.07325/kWh, Renewable Energy Standard Charge of \$0.00123/kWh, Standard Offer Adjustment Factor of \$0.00144/kWh and Standard Offer Service Administrative Cost Factor of \$0.00102 /kWh for Standard Offer Service Admin. Cost Factor

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

# SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

**DAVID E. TUFTS** 

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

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I.	Introduction, Qualifications and Purpose of Testimony	1
II.	Revenue Requirement	1
III.	Conclusion	5

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID

R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED

WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

PAGE 1 of 5

## I. INTRODUCTION

1

- 2 Q. Please state your full name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is David E. Tufts, and my business address is 40 Sylvan Road, Waltham,
- 4 Massachusetts 02451.
- 5 Q. Have you previously submitted testimony in this docket?
- 6 A. Yes. I submitted pre-filed direct testimony in the Company's December 23, 2010 filing
- in support of the Company's proposed revenue requirement for fiscal year ("FY") 2012
- related to the Company's electric Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Plan ("ISR Plan").
- 9 Q. What is the purpose of your supplemental testimony in this proceeding?
- 10 A. The purpose of my supplemental testimony is to update the calculation of the FY 2012
- 11 Company's revenue requirement in support of the Company's electric ISR Plan as
- described in the pre-filed testimony of Ms. Catherine McDonough. My supplemental
- testimony also addresses the comments filed by the Rhode Island Division of Public
- 14 Utilities and Carriers ("Division") on February 14, 2011 concerning bonus depreciation
- and property taxes.

19

## 16 II. REVENUE REQUIREMENT

- 17 **Q.** Are there any attachments to your testimony?
- 18 A. Yes, I am sponsoring the following Attachment:
  - DET-1 Revised Updated ISR Revenue Requirement Calculation

# THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED

WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

PAGE 2 of 5

0.	Why is the Company	v updating its FY 2012 ISR	Plan revenue requirement?
$\sim$ .	The company	, apadeing its I I zoiz isit	I mil i e venue i equil ement.

A.

Subsequent to the Company's filing, Congress passed the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010 ("2010 Act") which provided for an extension of bonus depreciation. Specifically, the 2010 Act provided for the application of 100 percent bonus depreciation for investment constructed and placed into service after September 8, 2010 through December 31, 2011, and then 50 percent bonus depreciation for similar capital investment placed into service after December 31, 2011 through December 31, 2012. The Company assumed that 75 percent of the plant additions under the ISR Plan would qualify for bonus depreciation. This in turn would reduce the FY 2012 revenue requirement of \$3,721,803 filed on December 23, 2010 by \$341,145 to \$3,380,657. As such, the Company is updating its revenue requirement to recognize this bonus depreciation.

Q. Why did the Company assume that only 75 percent of its plant additions under the Electric ISR Plan would qualify for bonus depreciation?

A. The 75 percent factor is representative of the Company's experience with bonus depreciation in the past. At this time, there are a number of unknown factors that could potentially impact the actual investment that qualifies for the bonus depreciation. For example, the Company cannot estimate with any certainty the amount of ISR Plan investment that would qualify for 100 percent depreciation and the amount that will qualify for 50 percent bonus depreciation (which is predicated on whether the actual construction began before or after September 8, 2010). The Company assumed that 75

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED

WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

PAGE 3 of 5

percent of the April 2011 through December 2011 investments would be eligible for the 100 percent bonus depreciation, which is very likely to be an aggressive assumption on actual eligibility for that period. In addition, it is the Company's understanding that the Internal Revenue Service is expected to issue further guidance on this issue.

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## Q. Were there any other factors considered by the Company in utilizing the 75 percent factor?

Yes. Since the 75 percent factor represents a change in the revenue requirement of \$341,145, the Company recognized that any increase in the factor would likely be mitigated by the amount of investment that would be eligible for only the 50 percent bonus rate rather than the 100 percent bonus rate applied to the 75 percent eligibility assumption in the Company's estimated calculation. The Company expects that this would be very small and have a minimal impact. In addition, as noted in the pre-filed direct testimony of Ms. Lloyd, the Company will reconcile any over/under recovery of the ISR Plan revenue requirement in the Company's annual ISR reconciliation filing. Accordingly, based on the above, the Company believes that the 75 percent eligibility factor for 100 percent bonus depreciation is reasonable and represents as accurate an estimate as any of the ISR Plan investment that would qualify for 50 percent and 100 percent bonus depreciation for FY 2012.

#### Q. What is the updated revenue requirement?

A. The updated revenue requirement, accounting for bonus depreciation, is \$3,380,657 as 20

depicted on Schedule DET-1 - Revised.

1

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- Q. On February 14, 2011, the Division filed comments in this proceeding. Please
  describe the Division's position on property taxes in the FY 2013 ISR Plan revenue
  requirement.
- 5 A. Although the Company is not seeking approval for ISR Plan rates for FY 2013 at this 6 time, a brief comment is warranted. Calculations were provided in the ISR Plan submission simply to demonstrate the amount of the FY 2013 revenue requirement that 7 would be associated with FY 2012 capital investment. Included in the calculation of the 8 9 FY 2013 revenue requirement are the incremental property taxes attributable to the 10 incremental FY 2012 ISR Plan plant investment. The Company calculates FY 2013 property taxes by applying a composite property tax rate to the net amount of FY 2012 11 ISR Plan plant investment (including cost of removal) less the prior year cumulative 12 depreciation expense on that investment. The Division is proposing that the Company 13 14 also reduce the plant investment by the growth in the depreciation reserve on embedded plant before applying the composite property tax rate. 15

# Q. Does the Company agree with the Division's proposal?

17 A. No. The Company does not agree with this proposal. As the Company explained its
18 position in its response to Division 1-2, the ISR Plan reflects capital investment that is
19 purely incremental to amounts embedded in base rates, and is therefore not intended to
20 adjust rate base and rate base-related costs that are embedded in the Company's base

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED

WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

PAGE 5 of 5

distribution rates. The property taxes on embedded plant represent property tax expense that was reflected in the Company's last rate case. The Division's proposal is akin to 2 adjusting the base rate recovery of property taxes through the ISR Plan revenue 3 requirement. Such a proposal is well beyond the incremental framework of the ISR Plan 4 and is inappropriate. Moreover, the Division's proposal only addresses the assessed 5 property values of embedded plant and does not take into account the related property tax 6 rates which the municipalities adjust to achieve their desired revenue needs. 7 Notwithstanding this, since the Company is not currently seeking approval of the FY 8 9 2013 ISR Plan revenue requirement, this issue does not need to be considered at this 10 time.

#### **CONCLUSIO**N III. 11

- Q. Does this conclude your testimony? 12
- Yes, it does. 13 A.

1

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

# **Index of Schedules**

Schedule DET-1 - Revised Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Revenue Requirement Calculation

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: DAVID E. TUFTS

## Schedule DET-1 - Revised

Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Revenue Requirement Calculation

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4218 FY 2012 Electric Infrastructure, Safety, and Reliability Plan Schedule DET-1 Revised Page 1 of 3

#### The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Electric Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability (ISR) Plan Computation of Annual Revenue Requirement Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Line		<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
No.		(a)	(b)
1	Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Expenses:		
2			
3	Current Year Forecasted Vegetation Management (VM) and Inspection & Maintenance (I&M) O&M Expense	\$9,207,845	\$9,207,845
4			
5	Adjustment to Base Rates to Exclude Current Recovery of VM and I&M O&M Expense	(\$6,549,368)	(\$6,549,368)
6			
7	O&M Expense Component of Revenue Requirement Subtotal	\$2,658,477	\$2,658,477
8			
9	Capital Investment:		
10	Forecasted Revenue Requirement Related to Electric Capital Investment:		
11	Annual Revenue Requirement on FY 2012 Capital Included in Rate Base	\$722,180	\$2,725,300
12	Annual Revenue Requirement on FY 2013 Capital Included in Rate Base	\$0	\$917,120
13	Subtotal Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement	\$722,180	\$3,642,420
14			
15	Capital Investment Component of Revenue Requirement Subtotal	\$722,180	\$3,642,420
16			
17	Total Fiscal Year Revenue Requirement	\$3,380,657	\$6,300,897
18			
19	Total Incremental Fiscal Year Rate Adjustment	\$3,380,657	\$2,920,240
20	•		
21	Revenue Requirement as Filed in Docket No. 4218	\$3,721,803	\$3,382,004
22			, ,
23	Increase / (Decrease) in Incremental Fiscal Year Rate Adjustment due to Impact of Bonus Depreciation	(\$341,145)	(\$461,764)

### Line Notes:

- Column (a) reflects projected Vegetation Management and Inspection & Maintenance O&M expense for FY 2012; Column (b) for FY 2013 is assumed at same level as FY 2012 for illustrative purposes only
- Represents allowance in base distribution rates for Vegetation Management and Inspection & Maintenance expense per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065 until such time as base distribution rates are reset as part of a general rate case
- 7 Line 3 + Line 5
- Column (a) from Page 2, Line 74, Column (a); Column (b) from Page 2, Line 74, Column (a)
- Column (b) from Page 3, Line 74, Column (b) for illustrative purposes only
- 13 Line 11 + Line 12
- 15 + Line 13
- 17 Line 7 + Line 15
- 19 Current Year Line 17 Prior Year Line 17
- 21 Schedule DET-1, Page 1, Line 19
- 23 Line 19 Line 21

# The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Computation of Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement FY 2012 Investment Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Alo Discretionary Co Actual Discreti Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Alo Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Net Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cumulative Co Total Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cumulative Loc  Cumulative Incremental Deferred Tax Calcul Composite Book 20 YR MACRS: Capital Repairs I 100% Bonus Dep 50%	iation look Depreciation look / Tax Timer Rate Reserve ation: Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Depreciation Reserve Base Ment Calculation: Base Sala Rates S	See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 58 * -1) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * -1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)  (Line 71 * Line 72) (Line 57) (S0 in Year 1, then Line 26 + Line 42 - Line 58 (all Prior Year) * Property Tax Rate)	7/	\$44,401,468 \$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$43,703,079 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$15,296,078 \$11,646 \$255,823 \$9,30% \$233,792 \$698,389 \$0 \$722,180	\$823,5 \$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8 35.0 \$15,095,4 \$16,506,1 \$2,095,1 \$686,4 \$9,3 \$13,396,7 \$1,336,5 \$
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Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discret Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Total Cumulative Ar Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Net I Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cost of Remova Cost of Remova Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cumulative Increment Cumulative Increment Cumulative Increment Deferred Tax Calcul Composite Book 20 YR MACRS' Capital Repairs I 100% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep formulative Tax Book Depreciati Cumulative Bool Effective Tax Ra Deferred Tax Re Rate Base Calculative Cumulative Incre Accumulative  Book Depreciation Book / Tax Timer Rate Reserve  ation: Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Depreciation Reserve	(Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)  (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44)  (Line 58 * -1)  (Line 62 * -1)	7/	\$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$43,703,079 35,00% \$15,296,078 \$16,506,112 \$(\$698,389) \$15,296,078	\$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1 \$43,129,8 35.0 \$15,095,4	
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Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Co Actual Discreti Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Net Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Incr Composite Book 20 YR MACRS: Capital Repairs I 100% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep 50% Bonus Dep	iation 800k Depreciation	(Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)  (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	\$44,401,468 \$698,389 \$698,389	\$45,224,9 \$1,396,7 \$2,095,1
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Co Actual Discret Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Ex Incremental Dep Cumulative Net Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Re Total Co	iation	(Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)	7/	\$44,401,468 \$698,389	\$45,224, \$1,396,
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Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Cumulative Net Cumulative Net Cumulative Net Cumulative Co Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cumulative Co Cumulative Co Cumulative Co Cumulative Deferred Tax Calcul Composite Book 20 YR MACRS' Capital Repairs I	Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012)		8.50%	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Actual Discreti Cumulative Ar Approved Disc Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Cumulative Ar Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net Capital Included Depreciation Ex, Incremental Dep Cumulative Incr Cost of Removal Cost of Remov		On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011)		32.00% 51.00%	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Co Actual Discretionary Co Actual Discretionary Co Actual Discretionary Co Actual Discretionary Co Approved Disc Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Incr Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remov Cumulative Incr	RS Tax Depreciation Rates			3.75%	7.
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Incremental Dep Cumulative Net Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Total Cost of Cost Total Cost of Removal Cumulative Co Cumulative Co Total Cost of Removal Cumulative Co Total Cost of Removal Cumulative Loc Cumulative Incremental Cu	ook Depreciation Rate	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)		3.40%	3.
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Ex Incremental Dep Cumulative Incre Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cumulative Co	culation:				
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Ex Incremental Dep Cumulative Incre Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cumulative Co Cost of Removal Cost of Re	Incremental Amount	(Line 32 + Line 42)		\$16,506,112	\$16,506,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ca Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Ex, Incremental Dep Cumulative Incre Cost of Removal		,,			
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Allo Approved Disc Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net Change in Net Capita Lorental Dep Cumulative Net Cost of Remova Cost of Remova Cumulative Co Cost of Remov Cumulative Co Cost of Remov Cumulative Co	Removal ative Cost of Removal	(Line 35 + Line 38) (Line 36 + Line 39)		\$6,579,000 \$6,579,000	\$6,579,0
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Ex Incremental Dep Cumulative Incr Cost of Removal Cost of	•				92,023,0
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Allo Approved Disc Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Incre Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cumulative Co	noval - Discretionary Cost of Removal - Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 39 + Current Year Line 38)		\$2,623,000 \$2,623,000	\$2,623,0
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capita Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dep Cumulative Incre Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal Cost of Removal	•	(Thos Tea Line 50 of Cuttern Tea Line 55)			ا,00رو
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Net! Celepteciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net! Capital Included Depreciation Exp Incremental Dec Cumulative Incre	noval - Non-Discretionary Cost of Removal - Non-Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 36 + Current Year Line 35)		\$3,956,000 \$3,956,000	\$3,956,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Total Cumulative AF Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation EX Incremental Dep				****	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Total Cumulative AF Total Prior Year Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capit Capital Included Depreciation EX Incremental Dep	icremental Depreciative Amount	(FIIOL LEGI LINE 32 T CUITERI LEGIT LINE 31)		\$7,727,112	39,927,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Alo Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I Change in Net Capital Capital Included Depreciation Exp	Depreciable Amount ncremental Depreciable Amount	(Line 29 - Line 30) (Prior Year Line 32 + Current Year Line 31)		\$9,927,112 \$9,927,112	\$9,927,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discret Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Cumulative AF Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net Change in Net Capit Capital Included		(As approved per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, excluding general plant)	_	\$38,875,088	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Af Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Cumulative Net I	ded in Rate Base	(From Line 23)		\$48,802,200	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Ag Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable	apital Included in Rate Base				
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Ag Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable Net Depreciable	Vet Depreciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Prior Year Line 26 + Current Year Line 25)		\$41,081,692	\$41,081,6
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Ag Cumulative Ag Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Af Total Allowed C Depreciable Net Cap Total Allowed C Retirements	ble Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 23 - Line 24)		\$41,081,692	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Ag Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Total Cumulative Total Prior Year Total Allowed Cc Depreciable Net Cap		(Line 23 * Retirements Rate)	6/	\$7,720,508	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Ct Actual Discreti Cumulative Cumulative Cumulative Cumulative Approved Disc Cumulative Alo Total Cumulative Alo Total Prior Year Total Allowed C	Capital Included in Rate Base d Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(From Line 20)		\$48,802,200	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Co Actual Discreti Cumulative AC Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative AI Total Cumulative AI Total Cumulative AI					
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Ac Approved Disc Cumulative Af Cumulative Allo Total Cumulative Allo	d Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(Line 18 - Line 19)	_	\$48,802,200	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Cc Actual Discret Cumulative Ac Cumulative Af Cumulative Af Cumulative Af	ear Cumulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 8 + Line 16) (Line 18 from prior year)		\$48,802,200 \$0	\$48,802,2 \$48,802,2
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alo Discretionary Cc Actual Discreti Cumulative Ac Approved Disc Cumulative Af	ative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 8 + Line 16)		\$48,802,200	640 000
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Ce Actual Discreti Cumulative Ac Approved Disc	Allowed Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 12 or Line 15)	5/	\$18,714,500	\$18,714,5
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Alto Discretionary Co Actual Discreti Cumulative Act	Approved Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 15 + Current Year Line 14)	4/	\$27,036,150	\$27,036,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Co Actual Discreti	Discretionary Capital Spending		4/	\$27,036,150	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo Discretionary Co Actual Discreti	Actual Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 12 + Current Year Line 11)	1/	\$18,714,500	\$18,714,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Cumulative Allo	retionary Capital Additions		1/	\$18,714,500	
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac	v Capital				
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac	Allowed Non-Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 4 or Line 7)	3/	\$30,087,700	\$30,087,
Actual Non-Di Cumulative Ac	Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 7 + Current Year Line 6)	2/	\$31,341,500	\$31,341,
Actual Non-Di	-Discretionary Capital Spending		2/	\$31,341,500	
Actual Non-Di	Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 4 + Current Year Line 3)	1/	\$30,087,700	\$30,087,
	-Discretionary Capital Additions		1/	\$30,087,700	
Capital Additions Al	s Allowance onary Capital				
				(a)	(b)
				Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2013

- | Reflects projected capital additions (plant-in-service); to be replaced with actual capital additions for annual reconciliation
  | Reflects approved capital spending; to be replaced with actual capital spending for annual reconciliation
  | Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or actual capital spending
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	Ratio	Rate	Rate	Taxes	Return
Long Term Debt	52.08%	5.30%	2.76%		2.76%
Short Term Debt	4.98%	1.60%	0.08%		0.08%
Preferred Stock	0.19%	4.50%	0.01%		0.01%
Common Equity	42.75%	9.80%	4.19%	2.26%	6.45%
	100.00%		7.04%	2.26%	9.30%

9/ Property Tax Rate Calculation based on 2009 actual net plant in service and property tax expense applica	ble to distribution
Plant in Service	1,190,817,229
Accumulated Depreciation	505,832,095
Distribution-Related Net Plant in Service	684,985,134
Distribution-Related Rate Year Property Tax Expense	19,494,858
Distribution-Related Property Tax Rate	2.85%

# The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid Illustrative Computation of Electric Capital Investment Revenue Requirement Illustrative FY 2013 Investment Updated for Impact of Bonus Depreciation

			Fiscal Year 2012 (a)	Fiscal Year 2013 (b)
Capital Additions Allowance Non-Discretionary Capital				
Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Additions		1/	\$0	\$30,087,700
Cumulative Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 4 + Current Year Line 3)	1/	\$0	\$60,175,400
,	(			400,512,100
Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Spending		2/	\$0	\$31,341,500
Cumulative Actual Non-Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 7 + Current Year Line 6)	2/	\$0	\$62,683,000
Cumulative Allowed Non-Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 4 or Line 7)	3/	\$0	\$60,175,400
Discretionary Capital				
Actual Discretionary Capital Additions Cumulative Actual Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 12 + Current Year Line 11)	1/		\$18,714,500 \$37,429,000
Cumulative Actual Discretionary Capital Additions	(Prior Year Line 12 + Current Year Line 11)	1/		\$37,429,000
Approved Discretionary Capital Spending		4/		\$27,036,150
Cumulative Approved Discretionary Capital Spending	(Prior Year Line 15 + Current Year Line 14)	4/		\$54,072,300
Cumulative Allowed Discretionary Capital Included in Rate Base	(Lesser of Line 12 or Line 15)	5/	-	\$37,429,000
, .				
Total Cumulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 8 + Line 16)			\$97,604,400
Total Prior Year Cumulative Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 18 from prior year)			\$48,802,200
Total Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year	(Line 18 - Line 19)			\$48,802,200
Depreciable Net Capital Included in Rate Base	and the second		**	040 000 0
Total Allowed Capital Included in Rate Base in Current Year Retirements	(From Line 20) (Line 23 * Retirements Rate)	61	\$0 \$0	\$48,802,200
Net Depreciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Line 23 * Retirements Rate) (Line 23 - Line 24)	6/	\$0 \$0	\$7,720,508 \$41,081,692
Cumulative Net Depreciable Capital Included in Rate Base	(Prior Year Line 26 + Current Year Line 25)		\$0 \$0	\$41,081,692
and the september capital file fiduce in Rate Base	(From Four Ente 20 / Current Four Ente 23)		30	φ.1,001,092
Change in Net Capital Included in Rate Base				
Capital Included in Rate Base	(From Line 23)		\$0	\$48,802,200
Depreciation Expense	(As approved per R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065, excluding general plant)		\$0	\$38,875,088
Incremental Depreciable Amount	(Line 29 - Line 30)	_	\$0	\$9,927,112
Cumulative Incremental Depreciable Amount	(Prior Year Line 32 + Current Year Line 31)		\$0	\$9,927,112
0 - 10 - 1				
Cost of Removal Cost of Removal - Non-Discretionary			\$0	\$3,956,000
Cumulative Cost of Removal - Non-Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 36 + Current Year Line 35)		\$0 \$0	\$3,956,000
Cumulative Cost of Removal - Poli-Discretionally	(Thor Tear Ente 50 + Current Tear Ente 55)		40	\$5,750,000
Cost of Removal - Discretionary			\$0	\$2,623,000
Cumulative Cost of Removal - Discretionary	(Prior Year Line 39 + Current Year Line 38)		\$0	\$2,623,000
Total Cost of Removal	(Line 35 + Line 38)		\$0	\$6,579,000
Total Cumulative Cost of Removal	(Line 36 + Line 39)		\$0	\$6,579,000
Cumulative Incremental Amount	(Line 32 + Line 42)		\$0	\$16,506,112
Deferred Tax Calculation:				
Composite Book Depreciation Rate	(As Approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065)		3.40%	3.40%
20 YR MACRS Tax Depreciation Rates	, in			3.75%
			3.75%	
Capital Repairs Deduction				32.00%
Capital Repairs Deduction 100% Bonus Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2011)		3.75%	32.00% N/A
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012)		3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50%	N/A N/A
100% Bonus Depreciation			3.75% 32.00% 51.00%	N/A N/A
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)		3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	N/A N/A 25.50%
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A	N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 35.00%
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Communication Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation:	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 31.00% 8.50% N/A  S0 S0 S0 S0 35.00% S0	N/A N/A 25.509 \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 35.009 \$11,103,816
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Raere Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 - Current Year Line 57)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$5	N/A N/A 25.509 \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 \$31,103,816
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Prax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 35.00% \$11,103,816
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Communication Annual Tax Depreciation Communication Book Depreciation Communication Co	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 54 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 52 * -1)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$50 \$50 \$50 \$	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 \$35,00% \$11,103,816
100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Prax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/ Below (Prior Year Line 55 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$0  \$	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 \$35,00% \$11,103,816
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100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Communication Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation; Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation; Average Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 54 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * 1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)  (Line 70 * Line 71) (Line 57)	7/	3.75% 32.00% 31.00% 8.50% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$50	N/A N/A 25.509 \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 \$11,103,816 \$16,506,112 \$698,389 \$11,103,816 \$4,703,907
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100% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation 50% Bonus Depreciation Communication Annual Tax Depreciation Cumulative Tax Depreciation Book Depreciation Cumulative Book Depreciation Cumulative Book / Tax Timer Effective Tax Rate Deferred Tax Rate Deferred Tax Reserve  Rate Base Calculation: Cumulative Incremental Capital Included in Rate Base Accumulated Depreciation Deferred Tax Reserve Year End Rate Base Revenue Requirement Calculation: Average Rate Base Pre-Tax ROR Return and Taxes Book Depreciation	On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Jan - Mar 2012) On Plant Additions net of Capital Repairs Deduction (Apr - Dec 2012)  See Note 7/Below (Prior Year Line 54 + Current Year Line 54)  (Prior Year Line 26 * Line 47 + Current Year Line 25 * Line 47 * 50%) (Prior Year Line 58 + Current Year Line 57)  (Line 55 - Line 58)  (Line 60 * Line 61)  (Line 44) (Line 58 * -1) (Line 62 * 1) (Sum of Lines 65 through 67)  (Line 68/2 for 2012 then, (Prior Year Line 68 + Current Year Line 68)/2)  (Line 70 * Line 71) (Line 57)	8/	3.7.5% 32.00% 32.00% 51.00% 8.50% N/A \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$50 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	N/A N/A 25.50% \$32,423,578 \$32,423,578 \$698,389 \$698,389 \$31,725,189 35.00%

- Reflects projected capital additions (plant-in-service); to be replaced with actual capital additions for annual reconciliation
   Reflects approved capital spending; to be replaced with actual capital spending for annual reconciliation
   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or actual capital spending
   Reflects approved capital spending
   Reflects the lesser of actual capital additions or approved capital spending
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- 7/ (Line 23 \* Line 49) + (Line 23 \* .75 \* Line 52)) ((Line 23 \* Line 49) (Line 23 \* .75 \* Line 52)) \* Line 48 + Line 41; 75% of additions (net of repairs) are assumed to qualify for bonus depreciation 8/ Weighted Average Cost of Capital as approved in R.I.P.U.C. Docket No. 4065

	Ratio	Rate	Rate	Taxes	Return
Long Term Debt	52.08%	5.30%	2.76%		2.76%
Short Term Debt	4.98%	1.60%	0.08%		0.08%
Preferred Stock	0.19%	4.50%	0.01%		0.01%
Common Equity	42.75%	9.80%	4.19%	2.26%	6.45%
	100.00%		7.04%	2.26%	9.30%

<ol> <li>Property Tax Rate Calculation based on 2009 actual net plant in service and property Plant in Service</li> </ol>	1,190,817,229
Accumulated Depreciation	505,832,095
Distribution-Related Net Plant in Service	684,985,134
Distribution-Related Rate Year Property Tax Expense	19,494,858
Distribution-Related Property Tax Rate	2.85%

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: JEANNE A. LLOYD

# SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

**JEANNE A. LLOYD** 

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
d/b/a NATIONAL GRID
R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218
RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE,
SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED
WITNESS: JEANNE A. LLOYD

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THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a NATIONAL GRID R.I.P.U.C. DOCKET NO. 4218

RE: FY 2012 ELECTRIC INFRASTRUCTURE, SAFETY, AND RELIABILITY PLAN - REVISED

WITNESS: JEANNE A. LLOYD

PAGE 1 of 2

## I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

1

- 2 Q. Please state your full name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is Jeanne A. Lloyd, and my business address is 40 Sylvan Road, Waltham,
- 4 Massachusetts 02451.
- 5 Q. Have you previously submitted testimony in this docket?
- 6 A. Yes. I submitted direct testimony in the Company's December 23, 2010 filing in support
- of the proposed Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Provision, the calculation of the ISR
- factors and the customer bill impacts of the proposed rate changes.
- 9 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 10 A. As described in the Supplemental Testimony of David E. Tufts, the Company has
- updated its revenue requirement to reflect a change in the impact of Bonus Depreciation
- on the Company's capital investment in infrastructure for FY 2012. This change in
- revenue requirement affects the calculation of the proposed CapEx Factor. The purpose
- of my supplemental testimony is to provide (1) an updated calculation of the ISR factors
- proposed in this filing; and (2) the updated customer bill impacts of the proposed rate
- changes.

## 17 II. PROPOSED ISR FACTORS

- 18 Q. What are the updated proposed ISR Factors?
- 19 A. A summary of the proposed ISR factors is presented in Section 7 Revised, page 1.
- 20 Q. Please describe specific changes made to the calculation of the ISR Factors.

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
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PAGE 2 of 2

	1	A.	As Mr. Tufts explains in	his testimony, the FY	Y 2012 capital investmer	nt revenue
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- requirement has decreased from \$1,063,326, as proposed in the Company's December
- 23, 2010 filing, to \$722,180. This updated revenue requirement is reflected in Section 7
- Revised, page 2, Line 1, in the calculation of the updated proposed CapEx Factors. The
- 5 updated factors are shown on Lines 6 and 8 of Section 7 Revised, page 2.

## 6 III. BILL IMPACTS

- 7 Q. Has the Company prepared updated monthly bill impacts illustrating the effect of
- 8 the proposed ISR Factors?
- 9 A. Yes. The updated monthly bill impacts for each rate class are shown on Section 8 -
- Revised of the ISR Plan. For the average residential customer using 500 kWh per month,
- implementation of the updated proposed ISR factors will result in a monthly rate increase
- of \$0.27 or 0.3% as compared to rates currently in effect.

## 13 IV. CONCLUSION

- 14 **Q.** Does this conclude your testimony?
- 15 A. Yes.