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Ms. Luly E. Massaro, Commission Clerk
Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission
89 Jefferson Boulevard
Warwick, Rhode Island 02888

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RHODE ISLAND PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Dear Ms. Massaro:

We are filing, herewith, for effect November 30, 2007, tariff material consisting of:

RI PUC No. 20

| Part/Section | Revision of Page(s) | Original of Page(s) |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2 | 12, 13, 14, 14.1, 14.2 and 14.3 | N/A |

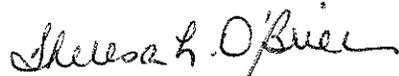
In this filing, Verizon Rhode Island (“Verizon RI”) proposes revisions to the existing Access Tariff. This filing (1) establishes a no-Calling Party Number (no-CPN) delivery floor for terminating Switched Access usage, (2) incorporates language filed with the Federal Communications Commission in the interstate tariff that allows Verizon to calculate PIU factors for dedicated switched access local transport facilities (entrance facilities, direct-trunked transport and multiplexing), (3) specifies that a 5% variance in PIU factors filed by a carrier over a 12 month period will trigger a jurisdictional verification of carrier’s PIU factors, and (4) clarifies that Verizon RI will determine the jurisdiction applicable to all Switched Access services and the corresponding usage and recurring charges applicable, except where it does not have sufficient call detail to determine the jurisdiction.

Verizon is introducing these tariff revisions in all of its state access tariffs to bring more conformity between state access tariffs and interconnection agreements for no-CPN delivery applications and to also reflect changes recently approved by the FCC in its interstate access tariffs for application of PIU factors.

If you have any questions regarding this filing, please contact Patricia Tapley of my staff at 401 525-2133.

Enclosed are an original and nine copies of the tariff material. Please return a copy of this letter with your stamp of receipt.

Respectfully submitted,


Theresa L. O'Brien

Attachments

Verizon New England Inc.

2. General Regulations
2.5 Responsibility of the Customer

| 2.5.10 Jurisdictional Report Requirements | |
|---|--|
| A. | The regulations set forth herein apply for purposes of determining the jurisdiction of Switched Access Services. |
| B. | Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) |
| 1. | When the Telephone Company receives sufficient call detail to permit it to determine the jurisdiction of some or all originating and terminating access minutes of use, the Telephone Company will use that call detail to render bills for those minutes of use and will not use customer-provided Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) factors to determine the jurisdiction of those minutes of use. |
| 2. | The Telephone Company will apply the PIU factor, provided by the customer as set forth in (B)(4) or (C), only to minutes of use for which the Telephone Company does not have sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction. The customer-provided PIU factor will be used until the customer provides an updated PIU factor, as set forth in (C) or as determined in (E) following. No prorating or back billing will be done based on the updated report. |
| 3. | There may be some portion of terminating minutes where it is not possible to know, and therefore to send, the needed originating number information. A "floor" of 7.00 percent (%) will be set for terminating minutes lacking originating number, for all switched access customers. |
| a. | When the percentage of terminating traffic without sufficient call detail to determine jurisdiction does not exceed the sum of the floor plus a 2.00 percent (%) grace threshold or 9.00 percent (%), the Telephone Company will apply the PIU factor, either provided by the customer or as set forth in section (B)(4). |
| b. | When the percentage is greater than 9.00 percent (%), the Telephone Company will assess rates from this tariff on all minutes exceeding the floor. For example, if 30 percent (%) of a customer's terminating minutes sent to the Telephone Company do not contain sufficient originating information to allow the Telephone Company to determine the originating location, then the Telephone Company would apply the provisions of this tariff to those minutes exceeding the "floor", or 23.00 percent (%) in this example. |
| c. | In the event that the Telephone Company applies rates to terminating calls without originating number information as provided in this tariff, customers will have the opportunity to request backup documentation of the Telephone Company's basis for such application, and further request that the Telephone Company change the application of the intrastate access rate upon a showing of why the intrastate rate should not be applied. |

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B. (Continued)

4. When the customer initially orders Switched Access Service(s) the customer will state in its order (Access Service Request) a PIU factor. This factor will be used by the Telephone Company as the customer-provided PIU factor until the customer provides an updated PIU factor as required in (C). For each service listed below, the customer may provide separate PIU factors in accordance with (B)(7) and (B)(8).

- Feature Group B (Notes 1, 2)
- Feature Group D (Notes 1, 2)
- 800 Database Access Service (Notes 1, 2, 3)
- 900 Access Service (Note 2)
- Common Channel Signaling Access (CCSA)(Note 2)

Note 1: The customer has the option to provide the Telephone Company with both an originating and a terminating PIU factor for each account from which the customer may originate and/or terminate traffic.

Note 2: The PIU factors will apply to all associated elements and services, e.g., Local Switching and Local Transport services.

Note 3: 800 Database Access service includes any access service which utilizes the following NPAs: 800, 888, 877, 866, 855, 844, 833, and 822 as they become available to the industry.

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2. General Regulations
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| B. (Continued) | |
| 5. | When the customer provides PIU factors, the Telephone Company will subtract the developed PIU from 100 and the difference is the percent intrastate usage. The sum of the interstate and intrastate percentages will equal 100 percent. The customer may only provide a PIU factor that is a whole number (a number from 0 to 100). |
| 6. | Where the customer provides access services to other carriers, the customer will develop its projected PIU factor based upon a weighted average of the PIUs of its own and of the other carriers' end user traffic, in accordance with the procedures described below. |
| 7. | For purposes of developing the projected interstate percentage for Feature Group D, the customer shall consider every call that originates from a calling party in one state and terminates to a called party in a different state, to be interstate communications. The customer shall consider every call that terminates to a called party within the same state as the state where the calling party is located, to be intrastate communications. The manner in which a call is routed through the telecommunications network does not affect the jurisdiction of a call; i.e., a call between two points within the same state is an intrastate call even if it is routed through another state. |
| 8. | For Feature B, pursuant to Federal Communications Commission order FCC 85-145 adopted April 16, 1985, interstate usage is to be developed as though every call, that enters a customer network at a point within the same state as that in which the called station is situated, is an intrastate communication and every call that enters a customer's network at a point in a state other than that where the called station is situated, is an interstate communication. |
| C. Jurisdictional Report Updates | |
| 1. | Customer-provided PIU factors that are updated as set forth following, will be applied only in the event that the Telephone Company does not have sufficient call detail to permit it to determine jurisdiction. |
| 2. | Effective on the first of January, April, July and October of each year, the customer may update the interstate and intrastate jurisdictional reports. The customer will forward to the Telephone Company, to be received no later than 20 days after the first of each such month, a revised report or letter for all services showing the interstate percentage of use for the past three months ending the last day of December, March, June and September, respectively, for each service arranged for interstate and intrastate use. |
| 3. | When the Telephone Company does not have sufficient data to rely on actual call detail or to develop a PIU factor, the revised report or letter will serve as the basis for the next three months' billing and will be effective on the bill date for that service. If the customer does not supply an updated quarterly report or letter, the Telephone Company will assume the customer-provided percentages to be the same as those provided in the last quarterly report or letter accepted by the Telephone Company or as is determined by the provisions contained in (E) following. |
| | For those cases in which a quarterly report or letter has never been received from the customer, the Telephone Company will assume the customer-provided PIU factors to be the same as provided in the order for service. |

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| C. (Continued) | |
| 4. | If the revised factors represent what the Telephone Company considers to be a substantial deviation (a deviation of 5 (five) percentage points or more for the preceding twelve calendar months is a substantial deviation) from the customer's previously reported factors and cannot be attributed to seasonal changes or other identifiable reasons, the Telephone Company will request a Jurisdictional Report Verification of the factors as set forth in (E) following. |
| D. Maintenance of Customer Records | |
| 1. | The customer shall retain for a minimum of twelve months call detail records that substantiate the interstate percent provided to the Telephone Company as set forth in (B) and (C) preceding for Switched Access Service. Such records shall consist of (a) and (b) following, if applicable: |
| a. | All call detail records such as work papers and/or backup documentation including paper, magnetic tapes or any other form of records for billed customer traffic, call information including call originating and terminating address (i.e., calling, called number), the call duration, all originating and terminating trunk groups or access lines over which the call is routed, and the point at which the call enters the customer's network and; |
| b. | If the customer has a mechanized system in place that calculated the PIU factor, then a description of that system and the methodology used to calculate the PIU factor must be furnished and any other pertinent information (such as but not limited to flowcharts, source code, etc.) relating to such system must also be made available. |

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| 2.5.10 Jurisdictional Report Requirements | |
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| E. Jurisdictional Report Verification | |
| 1. | The Telephone Company may request the customer to verify their jurisdictional reports. The customer shall keep records of call detail from which the percentage of interstate and intrastate use can be ascertained. The Telephone Company will request the customer to provide the records of call detail and other information (as specified in (D) preceding) that the customer used to determine the percentage of interstate and intrastate use. No more than one verification request will be made per year. |
| a. | The Customer shall supply the data to the Telephone Company within 30 days of the Telephone Company request. The Telephone Company will request data for the four prior quarters unless a shorter period is requested by the Customer and agreed to by the Telephone Company. |
| 2. | If the PIU factors filed by the customer cannot be validated by the data provided, and the data provided by the customer is sufficient to calculate a PIU factor different than the customer's reported PIU factor, the Telephone Company will use these records to: |
| a. | Revise the customer's PIU factor. |
| b. | Calculate the interstate and intrastate access charges that should have been billed to the customer for the prior period (as specified in (D) preceding), that the inaccurate PIUs had been used and debit or credit the customer for the difference between the charges that should have been billed with the revised PIU and the charges that were billed. |

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| F. (Continued) | |
| 3. | Prior to the arbitration hearing, each party shall notify the arbitrator of the PIU factor(s) which that party believes to be correct. The arbitrator, in deciding, may adopt the PIU percentage of either party or may adopt a PIU different from those proposed by the parties. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU proposed by one of the parties, the other party (whose PIU was not adopted) shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU percentage higher than either of the PIU proposed by the parties, then the party proposing the lower PIU shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU lower than either of the PIU proposed by the parties, then the party proposing the higher PIU shall pay all costs of the arbitration. If the arbitrator adopts a PIU which falls between the two percentages adopted by the parties, then the parties shall each pay one-half of the arbitration costs. |
| 4. | The PIU factor(s) for each state for each category of traffic determined by the arbitrator will be applied by the Telephone Company to all future access minutes of use with unknown jurisdiction from that customer until the customer provides the Telephone Company with records of call detail or other data that are sufficient for the Telephone Company to substantiate the customer-provided PIU factors. |
| 5. | Absent the customer's written notification, within the timeframe noted above, the customer must comply with the provisions set forth in (D) and (E) preceding. If the customer fails to comply with these provisions, the customer will be in violation of this Tariff and the Telephone Company may refuse additional applications for service and/or refuse to complete any and all pending orders for service or may discontinue the provision of services to the customer as specified in Section 2.4.2 preceding. |
| 6. | The Telephone Company retains the right to pursue any and all other legal remedies, whether in addition to, or in lieu of, the above procedures, to recover any under-billed switched access charges associated with incorrect customer-provided PIU factors under the applicable interstate or intrastate tariffs. |

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